

::आयुक्त (अपील्स) का कार्यालय,वस्तु एवं सेवा करऔर केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क:: O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS), GST & CENTRAL EXCISE,

दवितीय तल,जी एस टी भवन / 2nd Floor, GST Bhavan, रेस कोर्स रिंग रोड, / Race Course Ring Road,



राजकोट / Rajkot – 360 001

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रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी. द्वारा :-

DIN-20210764SX0000444C8D

अपील / फाइलसंख्या/ क Appeal /File No.

मलआदेशसं /

दिनांक/

V2/113/RAJ/2020

19/D/AC/2020-21

31.08.2020

अपील आदेश संख्या(Order-In-Appeal No.): ख

RAJ-EXCUS-000-APP-031-2021

आदेश का दिनांक /

जारी करने की तारीख /

02.07.2021

Date of Order:

29.06.2021

Date of issue:

श्री अखिलेश कुमार, आयुक्त (अपील्स), राजकोट द्वारा पारित/ Passed by Shri Akhilesh Kumar, Commissioner (Appeals), Rajkot.

अपर आयुक्त/ संयुक्त आयुक्त/ उपायुक्त/ सहायक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क/ सेवाकर/वस्तु एवंसेवाकर, राजकोट । जामनगर । गांधीधाम। द्वारा उपरतिखित जारी मूल आदेश से सृजित: । Arising out of above mentioned OIO issued by Additional/Joint/Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Central Excise/ST / GST, Rajkot / Jamnagar / Gandhidham :

अपीलकर्ता & प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पता /Name & Address of the Appellant & Respondent :-

M/s. Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation, GIDC Navsarjan Complex, Opp Swami Narayan Gurukul, Rajkot.

इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व्यक्ति निम्नलिखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण के समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकता है।/ Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal to the appropriate authority in the following way.

(A) सीमा शुल्क ,केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील,केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम ,1944 की धारा 35B के अंतर्गत एवं वित्त अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 86 के अंतर्गत निम्नलिखि+त जगह की जा सकती हैं।/

Appeal to Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal under Section 35B of CEA, 1944 / Under Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994 an appeal lies to:-

(i) वर्गीकरण मृल्यांकन से सम्बन्धित सभी मामले सीमा शुल्क, केल्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की विशेष पीठ, वेस्ट ब्लॉक नं 2, आर. के. पुरम, नई दिल्ली, को की जानी चाहिए।/

The special bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal of West Block No. 2, R.K. Puram, New Delhi in all matters relating to classification and valuation.

उपरोक्त परिच्छेद 1(a) में बताए गए अपीलों के अलावा शेष सभी अपीलें सीमा शुल्क,केंद्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट)की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका,,द्वितीय तल, बहुमाली भवन असावां अहमदाबाद- ३८००१६को की जानी चाहिए ।/ (ii)

To the West regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at, 2nd Floor, Bhaumali Bhawan, Asarwa Ahmedabad-380016in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-1(a)

(iii) अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अपील प्रस्तुत करने के लिए केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क (अपील)नियमावली, 2001, के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए गये प्रपत्र EA-3 को चार प्रतियों में दर्ज किया जाना चाहिए । इनमें से कम से कम एक प्रति के साथ, जहां उत्पाद शुल्क की माँग ब्याज की माँग और लगाया गया जुर्माला, रुपए 5 लाख या उससे कम,5 लाख रुपए या 50 लाख रुपए तक अथवा 50 लाख रुपए से अधिक हैं तो क्रमश: 1,000/- रुपये, 5,000/- रुपये अथवा 10,000/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुल्क की प्रति संलग्न करें। निर्धारित शुल्क का भूगता, संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक रजिस्टार के नाम से किसी भी सार्वजिनक क्षेत्र के बैंक द्वारा जारी रेखांकित बैंक ड्राफ्ट द्वारा किया जाना चाहिए । संबंधित ड्राफ्ट का भुगतान, बैंक की उस शाखा में होना चाहिए जहां संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा स्थित है । स्थगन आदेश (स्टे ऑर्डर) के लिए आवेदन-पत्र के साथ 500/- रुपए का निर्धारित शुल्क जमा करना होगा ।/

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 / as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise (Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 1,000/- Rs.5000/- Rs.10,000/- where amount of dutydemand/interest/penalty/refund is upto 5 Lac., 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asst. Registrar of branch of any nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated. Application made for grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 500/-.

अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अपील, वित्त अधिनियम, 1994की धारा 86(1) के अंतर्गत सेवाकर नियमवाली, 1994, के नियम 9(1) के तहत निर्धारित प्रपत्र S.T.-5में चार प्रतियों में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके साथ जिस आदेश के विरुद्ध अपील की गयी हो, उसकी प्रति साथ में संलग्न करें (उनमें से एक प्रति प्रमाणित होनी चाहिए) और इनमें से कम एक प्रति के साथ, जहां सेवाकर की माँग, व्याज की माँग और लगाया गयां जुर्माना, रुपए 5 लाख या उससे कम, 5 लाख रुपए या 50 लाख रुपए तक अथवा 50 लाख रुपए से अधिक है तो कमश: 1,000/-रुपये, 5,000/- रुपये अथवा 10,000/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुल्क की प्रति संलग्न करें। निर्धारित शुल्क का भुगतान, संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक रजिस्टार के नाम से किसी भी सार्वजिनक को बेंक दवार जारी रेखांकित बैंक ड्राफ्ट दवार किया जाना (B) चाहिए । संबंधित ड्राफ्ट का भगतान, बैंक की उस शाखा में होना चाहिए जहां संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा स्थित है । स्थगन आदेश (स्टे ऑर्डर) के लिए ऑवैदन-पत्र के साथ 500/- रुपए का निर्धारित शुल्क जमा करना होगा ।/

The appeal under sub section (1) of Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994, to the Appellate Tribunal Shall be Bed in quadruplicate in Form S.T.5 as prescribed under Rule 9(1) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994, and Shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against (one of which shall be certified copy) and should be accompanied by a fees of Rs. 1000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied of Rs. 15 Lakhs or less, Rs.5000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied is more than five lakhs but not exceeding Rs. Fifty Lakhs, Rs.10,000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied is interest demanded & penalty levied is more than fitty Lakhs rupees, in the form of crossed bank draft in layour of the Assistant Registrar of the bench of nominated Public Sector Bank of the place where the bench of Iribunal is situated. / Application made for grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.500/-

ज्यायुवत

वित्त अधिनियम,1994की धारा 86 की उप-धाराओं (2) एव (2A) के अंतर्गत दर्ज की गयी अपील, सेवाकर निथमवाली, 1994, के नियम 9(2) (i) एवं 9(2A) के तहत निर्धारित प्रपत्र S.T.-7 में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके साथ आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अथवा आयुक्त (अपील), केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क द्वारा पारित आदेश की प्रतियाँ संलग्न करें (उनमें से एक प्रति प्रमाणित होनी चाहिए) और आयुक्त द्वारा सहायक आयुक्त अथवा उपायुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्का सेवाकर, को अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को आवेदन दर्ज करने का निर्देश देने वाले आदेश की प्रति भी साथ में संलग्न करनी होगी।

The appeal under sub-section (2) and (2A) of the section 86 the Finance Act 1994, shall be filed in For ST.7 as prescribed under Rule 9 (2) &9(2/4) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994 and shall be accompanied by a copy of order of Commissioner Central Excise or Commissioner, Central Excise (Appeals) (one of which shall be a certified copy) and copy of the order passed by the Commissionerauthorizing the Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Central Excise/ Service Tax to file the appeal before the Appellate Tribunal.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय प्राधिकरण (सेस्टेट) के प्रति अपीलों के मामले में केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम (iii) 1944 की धारा 35एफ के अंतर्गत, जो की वितीय अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 83 के अंतर्गत सेवाकर को भी लागू की गई है, इस आदेश के प्रति अपीलीय प्राधिकरण में अपील करते समय उत्पाद शुल्क/सेवा कर मांग के 10 प्रतिशत (10%), जब मांग एवं जुर्माना विवादित है, या जुर्माना, जब केवल जुर्माना विवादित है, का भुगतान किया जाए, बशर्त कि इस धारा के अंतर्गत जमा कि जाने वाली अपेक्षित देय राशि दस करोड़ रुपए से अधिक न हो।

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर के अंतर्गत "मांग किए गए शुल्क" में निम्न शामिल है

धारा 11 डी के अंतर्गत रकम (i)

सेनवेट जमा की ली गई गलत राशि (iii)

सेनवेट जमा नियमादली के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत देय रकम (iii) बशर्ते यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान वितीय (सं. 2) अधिनियम 2014 के आरंभ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष

- बशते यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान वितीय (स. 2) अधिनियम 2014 के आरंभ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्रधिकारी के समक्ष विचाराधीन स्थान अर्जी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होगे।/

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, under Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under Section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute, provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to a ceiling of Rs. 10 Crores,

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty Demanded" shall include:

(i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
(ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
(iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules

- provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2014.

आरत सरकार कोपूनरीक्षण आवेदन :
Revision application to Government of India:
इस आदेश की पुनरीक्षणयाचिका निम्नलिखित मामलो में,केंद्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम,1994 की धारा 35EE के प्रथमपरंतुक के अंतर्गतअवर सचिव, भारत सरकार, पुनरीक्षण आवेदन ईकाई,वित मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110001, को किया जाना चाहिए। /
A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Government of India, Revision Application Unit, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi-110001, under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to subsection [1] of Section-35B ibid: (C)

यदि माल के किसी नुकसान के मामले में, जहां नुकसान किसी माल को किसी कारखाने से अंडार गृह के पारगमन के दौरान या किसी अन्य कारखाने या फिर किसी एक अंडार गृह से दूसरे अंडार गृह पारगमन के दौरान, या किसी अंडार गृह में या अंडारण में माल के प्रसंस्करण के दौरान, किसी कारखाने या किसी अंडार गृह में माल के प्रसंस्करण के दौरान, किसी कारखाने या किसी अंडार गृह में माल के नुकसान के मामले में।/
In case of any loss of goods, where the loss occurs in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse (i)

भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र को निर्यात कर रहे माल के विनिर्माण में प्रयुक्त कच्चे माल पर भरी गई केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क के छुट (रिबेट) के मामले में, जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र को निर्यात की गयी है। / In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India. (ii)

- यदि उत्पाद शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर, नेपाल या भूटान को माल निर्यात किया गया है। / In case of goods exported outsideIndia export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty. (iii)
- सुनिश्चित उत्पाद के उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो इयूटी क्रेडीट इस अधिनियम एवं इसके विभिन्न प्रावधानों के तहत मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो आयुक्त (अपील) के द्वारा वित अधिनियम (न. 2),1998 की धारा 109 के द्वारा नियत की गई तारीख अथवा समायाविधि पर या बाद में पारित किए गए है।/ (iv) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.
- उपरोक्त आवेदन की दो प्रतियां प्रपत्र संख्या EA-8 में, जो की केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील)नियमावली,2001, के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट है, इस आदेश के संप्रेषण के 3 माह के अंतर्गत की जानी चाहिए। उपरोक्त आवेदन के साथ मूल आदेश व अपील आदेश की दो प्रतियां संलग्न की जानी चाहिए। साथ ही केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-EE के तहत निर्धारित शुल्क की अदायगी के साक्ष्य के (v) तौर पर TR-6 की प्रति संलग्न की जानी चाहिए। / The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIQ and Order-in-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.
- पुनरीक्षण आवेदन के साथ निम्नितिखित निर्धारित शुन्क की अदायगी की जानी चाहिए। जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम हो तो रूपये 200/- का भुगतान किया. जाए और यदि संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये से ज्यादा हो तो रूपये 1000 -/ का भुगतान किया जाए। (vi) The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 200/- where the amount involved in Rupees One Lac or less and Rs. 1000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.
- यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश हैं तो पत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए शुल्क का भुगतान, उपयुंक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिये। इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी की लिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थित अपीलीय नयाधिकरण को एक अपील या केंद्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं! / In case, if the order covers various numbers of order- in Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner, not with standing the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lakh fee of Rs. 100/- for each. (D)
- यथासंशोधित न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम, 1975, के अनुसूची-1 के अनुसार मूल आदेश एवं स्थगन आदेश की प्रति पर निर्धारित 6.50 रुपये का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकिट लगा होना चाहिए। / One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjudicating authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 as prescribed under Schedule-I in terms of the Court Fee Act,1975, as amended. (E)
- सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्य विधि) नियमावली, 1982 में वर्णित एवं अन्य संबन्धित मामलों को सम्मिलित करने वाले नियमों की और भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है। / Attention is also invited to the rules covering these and other related matters contained in the Customs, Excise and Service Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982. (F)

उच्च अपीलीय प्राधिकारी को अपील दाखिल करने से संबंधित व्यापक, विस्तृत और नवीनतम प्रावधानों के लिए, अपीलार्थी विभागीय वेबसाइट www.cbec.gov.in को देख सकते हैं । / Gar the elaborate, detailed and latest provisions relating to filing of appeal to the higher appellate authority, the appellant may refer to the Departmental website www.cbec.gov.in

(G) फेन्द्रीय उपा

:: ORDER-IN-APPEAL ::

M/s. Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation, Rajkot (hereinafter referred to as "Appellant") has filed Appeal No. V2/113/RAJ/2020 against Order-in-Original No. 19/D/AC/2020-21 dated 31.8.2020 (hereinafter referred to as "impugned order") passed by the Joint Commissioner, CGST & Central Excise, Division-I, Rajkot (hereinafter referred to as "adjudicating authority").

- 2. The facts of the case, in brief, are that the Appellant, a Government of Gujarat Undertaking, was established under the Gujarat Industrial Development Act, 1962. It was registered with Service Tax department under Registration No. AABCG8033DSD007 for 'Renting of Immovable Property Service'.
- 2.1 During audit of the records of the Appellant carried out by the Departmental Officers, it was observed that they were generating income from various operations and booking these incomes under different Heads like Non Agriculture Conversion Charge, Transfer Fee, Infrastructure Upgradation Fee, Misc. Receipts/ Recovery etc., which were allegedly taxable and hence, liable to service tax. Based on the audit observations, Show Cause Notice was issued to the Appellant on 17.3.2017 for the period from October, 2011 to March, 2016, which was adjudicated by the Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Rajkot who confirmed service tax demand on the income booked under the Head 'Misc. Receipts/ Recovery' under the category of 'Business Auxiliary Service' but dropped remaining service tax demand vide Order-in-Original dated 25.10.2017.
- 2.2 The Appellant was asked to provide details of income booked under the Head 'Misc. Receipt/ Recovery' for the subsequent period of April, 2016 to June, 2017. They vide letter dated 24.9.2018 informed that they had received income of Rs. 1,17,80,050/- under the Head 'Misc. Receipt/Recovery' during the said period.
- 2.3 Thereafter, Show Cause Notice No. V.84(4)03/MP/D/2019-20 dated 8.4.2019 was issued to the Appellant calling them to show cause as to why services provided under the head 'Misc. Receipt/Recovery' should not be classified under 'Business Auxiliary Service' and Service Tax amount of Rs. 17,57,317/- should not be demanded and recovered from them under Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994 (hereinafter referred to as 'Act'), along with interest under Section 75 of the Act and why penalty under Section 77 of the Act should not be imposed on them. Subsequent to issuance of Show Cause Notice, the Appellant furnished revised figures of income and accordingly, a corrigendum to Show Cause Notice was issued correcting service tax demand to Rs. 19,56,722/-.

- 2.4 The above Show Cause Notice was adjudicated by the adjudicating authority vide the impugned order who held that services rendered by the Appellant under 'Misc. Receipt/Recovery' is classifiable under 'Business Auxiliary Service' and confirmed Service Tax demand of Rs. 19,56,722/- under Section 73 of the Act along with interest under Section 75 of the Act and imposed penalty of Rs. 10,000/- under Section 77 of the Act.
- 3. Being aggrieved, the Appellant has preferred appeal on various grounds, inter alia, as below:-
 - (i) The impugned order has confirmed service tax demand on the income booked under the head 'Miscellaneous Receipt' under the service tax category of 'Business Auxiliary Service'. However, for raising demand in the SCN, neither nature of service being provided by the Appellant was elaborated nor it is clarified as to how miscellaneous receipt is covered under the category of 'Business Auxiliary Service'. Hence, demand itself is liable to be set aside.
 - (ii) That the Appellant was established under the Gujarat Industrial Development Act, 1962 by the Government of Gujarat for the purpose of securing orderly establishment and organization of industries in industrial areas and industrial estates in Gujarat and for establishing commercial center in connection with the establishment and organization of such industries. Various areas in Gujarat where industries were clustered were declared as GIDC zones and new industrial zones were also created and plots of land were allotted to willing industries on economical terms so that overall industrial development could take place in a structured and planned manner.
 - (iii) The appellant, being a governmental authority, is eligible for exemption w.e.f. 01.07.2012 pursuant to Entry No. 39 of Mega Exemption Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012, which reads as under:
 - "39. Services by a governmental authority by way of any activity in relation to any function entrusted to a municipality under article 243 W of the Constitution."

As per the said exemption entry, any services provided by government authority in relation to any function entrusted to municipality under article 243W of the Constitution are exempted from the levy of service tax. The term 'governmental authority' is defined in under clause 2(s) of the notification *supra*. The Appellant has been established by the Legislature of State of Gujarat under the Gujarat Industrial Development

Act, 1962 and performs its functions in accordance with the provisions contained in the Act and the Rules made thereunder. The Appellant qualifies as a governmental authority and performs various functions which are entrusted to a municipality under Article 243W of the Constitution and Schedule XII of the Constitution. Thus, it can be said that any activity performed by appellant in relation to the purpose for which, appellant has been established, would qualify for exemption from service tax under entry 39 of the Mega Exemption Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 and hence service tax shall not be levied and relied upon Judgement of Bombay High Court passed in case of MIDC reported as 2018 (9) G.S.T.L. 372 (Bom.).

- (iv) Since the Appellant is not liable to pay Service Tax confirmed in the impugned order, no interest is payable under Section 75 of the Act.
- (v) The penalty under Section 77 is not imposable as they are not liable to pay service tax confirmed in the impugned order.
- 4. Personal hearing was conducted in virtual mode through video conferencing on 25.5.2021. Ms. Bhagyashree Dave, C.A. appeared on behalf of the Appellant. She reiterated the submission made in Appeal Memorandum.
- 5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, the impugned order, the appeal memorandum and written as well as oral submissions made by the Appellant. The issues to be decided in the present case are whether the Appellant is liable to pay Service Tax on the income booked under the Head 'Misc. Receipt/Recovery' or not and whether the Appellant is liable to penalty under Section 77 of the Act or not.
- 6. On perusal of the records, I find that the Appellant had booked income under the head 'Misc. Receipt/ Recovery' during the period from April, 2016 to June, 2017. The adjudicating authority confirmed service tax demand of Rs. 19,56,722/- on the said income under Business Auxiliary Service by denying the benefit of exemption from service tax under Entry No. 39 of Exemption Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012, as amended.
- 6.1 The Appellant has contended that they qualify as a governmental authority and perform various functions which are entrusted to a municipality under Article 243W of the Constitution. It was argued that activities performed by them would qualify for exemption from service tax under Entry 39 of Exemption Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 and hence, they are

not liable to service tax. They further contended that the impugned order has confirmed service tax demand on the income booked under the head 'Miscellaneous Receipt' under the service tax category of 'Business Auxiliary Service' without elaborating the nature of service provided by them nor it is clarified as to how miscellaneous receipt is covered under the category of 'Business Auxiliary Service'.

- 7. I find that the adjudicating authority has not elaborated the nature of activities undertaken by the Appellant for generating income, which was booked under the head 'Misc Receipt/Recovery', as rightly contended by the Appellant. On the other hand, the Appellant has claimed exemption from service tax under Entry No. 39 of Exemption Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.6.2012 without explaining nature of activities or type of service rendered by them in connection with the said income booked under the head 'Misc Receipt/Recovery'. Under the circumstance, it is not possible for this appellate authority to decide whether the income booked under the head 'Misc Receipt/Recovery' is liable to service tax or not. I, therefore, find this case fit for remand to adjudicating authority for de-novo adjudication. The adjudicating authority is directed to ascertain nature of activities carried out by the Appellant in respect of income booked under the head 'Misc Receipt/Recovery' and examine whether the Appellant is eligible for exemption from service tax under Entry No. 39 of exemption Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.6.2012, as amended, as claimed by them. The Appellant is also directed to provide required information to the adjudicating authority as and when called upon. Needless to mention that de novo order shall be passed by adhering to the principles of natural justice.
- 8. In view of above, I set aside the impugned order and dispose the appeal by way of remand.

सचापित,

(Akhilesh Kumar) () Commissioner (Appeals)

By R.P.A.D.

To, Gujarat Industrial Development Corporation, GIDC Navsarjan Complex, Opp Swami Narayan Gurukul, Rajkot.



प्रतिलिपि:-

मुख्य आयुक्त, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, गुजरात क्षेत्र,अहमदाबाद को जानकारी हेतु।
 आयुक्त, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, राजकोट आयुक्तालय, राजकोट को आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु।

3) उप आयुक्त, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, राजकोट -1 मण्डल, राजकोट, को आवश्यक

🔾 4) गार्ड फ़ाइल।

