	4	NATION ःप्रधानआयुक्त	' (अपील्स) का कार	र्गलय,वस्तु एवं सेवा करऔर केन	न्दीय उत्पाद शल्कः:	6 Ba	
	N DNC-MA	TAX 0/0 THE C	OMMISSIONER	(APPEALS), GST & CENT	TRAL EXCISE,		
		MARKET		S, / Race Course Ring Road,			
			राजकोत	<u>7 / Rajkot – 360 001</u>		सत्यमेव जयते	
			. 0281 - 2477952/	2441142Email: cexappealsraj	kot@gmail.com		
	101	न्टर्डडाकए.डी.द्वारा :-	DIN-202	10164SX0000333BF2			
	क	अपील / फाइलसंख्या/ Appeal /File No.		मूलआदेशसं /	दिनांक		
		V2/46/GDM/202019		OIO Na. 26/JC/2018-19	Date 26.02.20		
	ख	अपील आदेश संख्या(Order	-In-Appeal No.):				
			CH-EXCUS	-000-APP-001-2021			
		Date of Order:	.01.2021	जारी करने की तारीख / Date of issue:	29.01.202	1	
U		श्री गोपी नाथ , आयुक्त (3 Passed by Shri Akh Rajkot		qaiki ulika/ Principal Commissionei	(Appeals),		
	ग	अपर आयुक्त/ संयुक्त आयुक्त/ उपायुक्त/ सहायक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क/ सेवाकर/वस्तु एवंसेवाकर, राजकोट / जामनगर / गांधीधाम। द्वारा उपरलिखित जारी मूल आदेश से सृजित: / Arising out of above mentioned OIO issued by Additional/Joint/Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Central Excise/ST / GST, Rajkot / Jamnagar / Gandhidham :					
	घ	अपीलकर्ता &प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं प	ता /Name & Addres	s of the Annellant & Respond	ent :-		
		घ अपीलकर्ता&प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पता /Name & Address of the Appellant & Respondent :- M/s. Abrar Forwarders, P&P Plaza, 101, LIC Street, Gandhidham.					
		इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व Any person aggrieved by thi way.	यक्ति निम्नलिखित तरी s Order-in-Appeal ।	के में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण वे nay file an appeal to the appre	5 समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकत opriate authority in the	ग है।/ following	
	(A)	सीमा शुल्क ,केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क 35B के अंतर्गत एवं वित्त अधिनियम	एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न , 1994 की धारा 86 के	न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील,केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम ,1944 की धारा के अंतर्गत निम्नलिखि+त जगह की जा सकती हैं ।/			
-		Appeal to Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal under Section 35B of CEA, 1944 / Under Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994 an appeal lies to:-					
	(i)	वर्गीकरण मूल्यांकन से सम्बन्धित सभी मामले सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की विशेष पीठ, वेस्ट ब्लॉक नं 2, आर. के. पुरम, नई दिल्ली, को की जानी चाहिए ।/					
\cup		The special bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal of West Block No. 2, R.K. Puram, New Delhi in all matters relating to classification and valuation.					
	(ii)	अपरोक्त परिच्छेद 1(a) में बताए गए अपीलों के अलावा शेष सभी अपीलें सीमा शुल्क,केंद्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट)की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका,,द्वितीय तल, बहुमाली भवन असार्वा अहमदाबाद- ३८००१६को की जानी चाहिए ।/					
		To the West regional bench Bhaumali Bhawan, Asarwa above	n of Customs, Exc Ahmedabad-3800	ise & Service Tax Appellate T 16in case of appeals other th	ribunal (CESTAT) at, 2 nan as mentioned in p	2 nd Floor, para- 1(a)	
	(iii)	निधोरित किए गये प्रपत्र EA-3 को च ब्याज की मॉग और लगाया गया जुम तो क्रमश: 1,000/- रुपये, 5,000 भुगतान, संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधि बैंक झफ्ट दवारा किया जाना चाहिए	गर प्रतियों में दर्ज किया उ र्शना, रुपए 5 लाख या उर //- रुपये अथवा 10,00 रेकरण की शाखा के सहा । संबंधित डाफ्ट का भग	लेए केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क (अपील)निय ससे कम,5 लाख रुपए या 50 लाख रुप 0/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुल्क व यक रजिस्टार के नाम से किसी भी सात तान, बैंक की उस शाखा में होना चाहिए गत्र के साथ 500/- रुपए का निर्धारित शु	प्रति के साथ, जहां उत्पाद शुल्व ए तक अथवा 50 लाख रुपए जे प्रति संलग्न करें। निर्धारित वेजिनक क्षेत्र के बैंक द्वारा जा जहां संबंधित अपीलीय न्याया	ह की सॉग, से अधिक है त शुल्क का री रेखांकित	
		The appeal to the Appellate 6 of Central Excise (Appeal accompanied by a f dutydemand/interest/penal form of crossed bank draft i place where the bench of ar situated. Application made f	Tribunal shall be f) Rules, 2001 and ee of Rs. 1 ty/refund is upto in favour of Asst. R iy nominated public or grant of stay sha	led in guadruplicate in form I shall be accompanied agains 000/- Rs.5000/- Rs.10 5 Lac., 5 Lac to 50 Lac and a egistrar of branch of any nom c sector bank of the place wh ll be accompanied by a fee of P	A-3 / as prescribed un it one which at least s .000/- where amo bove 50 Lac respective inated public sector ba ere the bench of the Tr Rs. 500/	ider Rule hould be unt of ly in the nk of the ibunal is	
(APA	(B) अपीस्स (30)	अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अ तहत निर्धारित प्रपत्र S.T5में चार संलग्न करें (उनमें से एक प्रति प्रमापि लगाया गया जुर्माला, रुपए 5 लाख र रुपये, 5,000/- रुपये अथवा 10,00 नेपायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक आहेए । संबंधित इाफ्ट का भुगतान	पील, वित्त अधिनियम, 1 प्रतियों में की जा सकेगी गेत होनी चाहिए) और इ 11 उससे कम,5 लाख रुप 90/- रुपये का निर्धारित रजिस्टार के नाम से कि , बैंक की उस शाखा में	994की धारा 86(1) के अंतर्गत सेवाक एवं उसके साथ जिस आदेश के विरुद् लमें से कम से कम एक प्रति के साथ, उ ए या 50 लाख रुपए तक अथवा 50 ल ए या 50 लाख रुपए तक अथवा 50 ल जमा शुल्क की प्रति संलग्न करें। निर्धा सी भी सार्वजिनक क्षेत्र के बैंक द्वारा ज होना चाहिए जहां संबंधित अपीलीय न्य का निर्धारित शुल्क जमा करना होगा।/	र नियमवाली, 1994, के निय ध अपील की गयी हो, उसकी प्र नहां सेवाकर की मांग, ख्याज व ाख रुपए से अधिक है तो क्रमश रित शुल्क का भुगतान, संबंधि ारी रेखांकित बैंक ड्राफ्ट दवारा	ाम 9(1) के रति साथ में ति सॉग और त: 1,000/- त अपीलीय किया जाना	
* 8.9.1.	ा एवं उत्पा			of the Finance Act, 1994, to bed under Rule 9(1) of the Ser d against (one of which shall te amount of service tax & inter mount of service tax & inter "fity Lakhs, Rs.10.000/- whe han fifty Lakhs rupees, in the forminated Public Sector Ba grant of stay shall be accompa	the Appellate Tribunal vice Tax Rules, 1994, a cecrtified copy) and s rest demanded & pena st demanded & penalty re the amount of servi e form of crossed bank nk-of the place where t nied by a fee of Rs.500/	Shall be and Shall hould be ity levied isevied is ce tax & c draft in he bench	

- AND

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...2...

(i)

(ii)

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9

भे एवं उत्पाद

Clumbra

वित्त अधिनियम,1994की धारा 86 की उप-धाराओं (2) एवं (2A) के अंतर्गत टर्ज की गयी अपील, सेवाकर नियमवाली, 1994, के नियम 9(2) एवं 9(2A) के तहत निर्धारित प्रपत्र S.T.-7 में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके साथ आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अथवा आयुक्त (अपील), केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क द्वारा पारित आदेश की प्रतियाँ संलग्न करें (उनसे से एक प्रति प्रसाणित होनी चाहिए) और आयुक्त द्वारा सहायक आयुक्त अथवा उपायुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क/ सेवाकर, को अपीलीय ल्यायाधिकरण को आवेदन दर्ज करने का निर्देश देने वाले आदेश की प्रति भी साथ में संलग्न करनी होगी । /

The appeal under sub section (2) and (2A) of the section 86 the Finance Act 1994, shall be filed in For ST.7 as prescribed under Rule 9 (2) &9(2A) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994 and shall be accompanied by a copy of order of Commissioner Central Excise or Commissioner, Central Excise (Appeals) (one of which shall be a certified copy) and copy of the order passed by the Commissionerauthorizing the Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Central Excise/ Service Tax to file the appeal before the Appellate Tribunal.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय प्राधिकरण (सेस्टेट) के प्रति अपीलों के मामले में केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम 1944 की धारा 35एफ के अंतर्गत, जो की वितीय अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 83 के अंतर्गत सेवाकर को भी लागू की गई है, इस आदेश के प्रति अपौलीय प्राधिकरण में अपील करते समय उत्पाद शुल्क/सेवा कर मांग के 10 प्रतिशत (10%), जब मांग एवं जुर्माना विवादित है, या जुर्माना, जब केवल जुर्माना विवादित है, का भुगतान किया जाए, बशर्त कि इस धारा के अंतर्गत जमा कि जाने वाली अपेक्षित देय राशि दस करोड़ रुपए से अधिक न हो।

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर के अंतर्गत "मांग किए गए शुल्क" मे निम्न शामिल है

- धारा 11 डी के अंतर्गत रकम (i)
- सेनवेट जमा की ली गई गलत राशि (iii)
- सेनवेट जमा नियमावली के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत देय रकम (iii)

- बशतें यह कि इस धारा के प्रातधान वितीय (सं. 2) अधिलियम 2014 के आरंभ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष विचाराधीन स्थगन अर्ज़ी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होगे।/

विचाराधीन स्थान अज़ी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होगे।/ For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, under Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under Section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute, provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to a ceiling of Rs. 10 Crores, Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty Demanded" shall include : (i) amount determined under Section 11 D; (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken; (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules - provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2014.

(C)

भारत सरकार कोपूनरीक्षण आवेदन : Revision application to Government of India: इस आदेश की पुनरीक्षणयाचिका निम्नलिखित मामलो में,केंदीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम,1994 की धारा 35EE के प्रयमपरंतुक के अंतर्गतजवर सचिव, भारत सरकार, पुनरीक्षण आवेदन ईकाई,वित मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद माग, नई दिल्ली-110001, को किया जाना चाहिए। / A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Government of India, Revision Application Unit, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi-110001, under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section [1] of Section-35B Ibid:

- यदि माल के किसी नुकसान के मामले में, जहां नुकसान किसी माल को किसी कारखाने से भंडार गृह के पारगमन के दौरान या किसी अन्य कारखाने या फिर किसी एक भंडार गृह से दूसरे भंडार गृह पारगमन के दौरान, या किसी भंडार गृह में या भंडारण में माल के प्रसंस्करण के दौरान, किसी कारखाने या किसी भंडार गृह में नाल के नुकसान के मामले में।/ In case of any loss of goods, where the loss occurs in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse (i)
- (ii) आरत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र को निर्यात कर रहे माल के विनिर्माण में प्रयुक्त कच्चे माल पर भरी गई केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क के छुट (रिबेट) के मामले में, जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र को निर्यात की गयी है। / In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.
- यदि उत्पाद शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर, नेपाल या भूटान को माल निर्यात किया गया है। / In case of goods exported outsideIndia export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty. (iiii)
- सुनिश्चित उत्पाद के उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडीट इस अधिनियम एवं इसके विभिन्न प्रावधानों के तहत मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो आयुक्त (अपील) के द्वारा वित अधिनियम (न. 2),1998 की धारा 109 के द्वारा नियत की गई तारीख अथवा सनायाविधि (iv) पर या बाद में पारित किए गए है।/ Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.
- उपरोक्त आवेदन की दो प्रतियां प्रपत्र संख्या EA-8 में, जो की केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील)नियमावली,2001, के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट हैं, इस आदेश के संप्रेषण के 3 माह के अंतर्गत की जानी चाहिए । उपरोक्त आवेदन के साथ मूल आदेश व अपील आदेश की दो प्रतियां संलग्न की जानी चाहिए। साथ ही केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-EE के तहत निर्धारित शुल्क की अदायगी के साक्ष्य के (v) तौर पर TR-6 की प्रति संलग्न की जानी चाहिए। /

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OlQ and Order-in-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

- पुनरीक्षण आवेदन के साथ निम्नलिखित निर्धारित शुल्क की अदायगी की जानी चाहिए । जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम हो तो रूपये 200/- का भुगतान किया जाए और यदि संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये से ज्यादा हो (vi) तो रूपये 1000 -/ का भगतान किया जाए। The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 200/- where the amount involved in Rupees One Lac or less and Rs. 1000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.
- यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए शुल्क का भुगतान, उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिये। इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी की लिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय नयाधिकरण को एक अपील या केंद्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन (D) किया जाता है। / In case, if the order covers various numbers of order- in Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner, not withstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lakh fee of Rs. 100/- for each.
- यथासंशोधित न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम, 1975, के अनुसूची-। के अनुसार मूल आदेश एवं स्थगन आदेश की प्रति पर निर्धारित 6.50 रुपये का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकिट लगा होना चाहिए। / One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjudicating authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 as prescribed under Schedule-I in terms of the Court Fee Act, 1975, as amended. (E)

सोमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपौलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्य विधि) नियमावली, 1982 में वर्णित एवं अन्य संबन्धित मामलों को सम्मितित करने वाले नियमों की और भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है। / Attention is also invited to the rules covering these and other related matters contained in the Customs, Excise and Service Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982. (F)

(G उ्च्च अपीलीय प्राधिकारी को अपील दाखिल करने से संबंधित व्यापक, विस्तृत और नवीनतम प्रावधानों के लिए, अपीलार्थी विभागीय वेबसाइट कायुक्त वाण्या

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:: ORDER-IN-APPEAL ::

M/s Abrar Forwarders, Gandhidham (Kutch) (*hereinafter referred to as* "Appellant") filed Appeal No. V2/46/GDM/2019 against Order-in-Original No. 26/JC/2018-19 dated 26.2.2019 (*hereinafter referred to as* 'impugned order') passed by the Joint Commissioner, Central GST, Gandhidham (hereinafter referred to as "adjudicating authority").

2. The brief facts of the case are that the Appellant was engaged in providing Port Service, Cargo Handling Service, Cleaning Service, Supply of Tangible Goods Service etc. and was registered with Service Tax having Registration No. AHHPS0371EST001. Investigation carried out against the Appellant revealed that they had charged and collected service tax from their clients but had short paid / not paid service tax in Government Account during the period from October, 2012 to June, 2017 and had also failed to file ST-3 Returns for the said period. Since, the Appellant had not provided any documents, gross receipts of the Appellant was arrived from the income recorded in Income Tax returns and Form 26AS obtained from the Income Tax Department.

2.1 Investigation culminated into issuance of Show Cause Notice No. IV/6-40/CEP/2016-17 dated 22.3.2018 calling the Appellant to show cause as to why Service Tax amount of Rs. 54,87,877/- should not be demanded and recovered from them under proviso to Section 73(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 (hereinafter referred to as 'Act') along with interest under Section 75 and also proposing imposition of penalty under Sections 77 and 78 of the Act. The notice also proposed recovery of late fee under Section 70 read with Rule 7C of the Service Tax Rules, 1994 for failure to file ST-3 Returns.

2.2 The above Show Cause Notice was adjudicated vide the impugned order, which confirmed demand of Service Tax of Rs. 54,87,877/- under proviso to Section 73(1) and ordered for its recovery along with interest under Section 75 of the Act and also imposed penalty of Rs. 54,87,877/- under Section 78 of the Act, penalty of Rs. 10,000/- under Section 77 of the Act and penalty of Rs. 2,00,000/- under Section 70 ibid.

3. Aggrieved, the Appellant has preferred the present appeal on various grounds, *inter alia*, as under:-

(i) The shown are Notice alleged that the appellant had failed to pay

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service tax on consideration received for supply of tangible of goods service & Port Service. The appellant had already admitted the liability during the course of enquiry after explaining to the officers that there was no proper working hand in his firm and hence, there was some error in discharging the entire service tax liability and the entire service tax liability along with interest was paid even before issuance of the notice.

(ii) That they submitted before the Adjudicating Authority that there was no mens rea to evade service tax; that the Service tax demanded in the Show Cause Notice was already paid along with the amount of payable interest, before the issuance of the Show Cause Notice and hence, there was no requirement to issue the notice proposing penalty.

(iii) That the Adjudicating Authority has erred in failing to take into consideration that they had deposited the entire amount of Service tax Therefore, impugned order is liable to be quashed aside.

(iv) That the Adjudicating Authority has failed to appreciate that this is a fit case for extending amnesty from penalty by applying the provisions of Section 80 of the Finance Act, 1994 inasmuch as by not disputing the facts stated by the appellant in the statement recorded by the officers during the course of enquiry that non-payment of Service tax was purely on account of the inexperienced employees, the Adjudicating Authority has admitted the stated position. Therefore, by taking note of the fact that service tax and interest were deposited immediately on being pointed out by the Department without waiting for the Show Cause Notice, either no show cause notice was required to be issued by following the provisions of section 73(3) read with explanation thereto or Adjudicating Authority was required to refrain from imposing penalty under Section 76, 77 and 78 of the Finance Act, 1994 by applying Section 80 of the Act.

4. Personal Hearing in the matter was scheduled on 4.11.2019. The Appellant vide email dated 31.10.2019 submitted that they had opted for Sabka Vishwas (Legacy Dispute Resolution) Scheme, 2019. Since no further communication was received from the Appellant, CGST, Gandhidham was requested to inform the status of the declarations filed by the Appellant. The CGST, Gandhidham vide email dated 14.7.2020 informed that application filed by the Appellant was rejected. Hence, the matter was listed for hearing in virtual mode on 6.8.2020, 25.8.2020, 10.9.2020, 28.9.2020 and 29.12.2020.



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However, no consent was received for hearing nor any request for adjournment. was received. Since, the appeal can not be kept pending indefinitely, I take up the appeal for decision on the basis of available records.

5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, the impugned order and grounds raised in Appeal Memorandum. The issue to be decided in the present appeal is whether the impugned order confirming service tax demand of Rs. 54,87,877/- and imposing penalty under Sections 70,77 and 78 of the Act, is correct, legal and proper or not.

6. On going through the records, I find that an offence case was booked against the Appellant for evasion of service tax. Investigation carried out against the Appellant revealed that they had provided Port Service, Cargo Handling Service, Cleaning Service, Supply of Tangible Goods Service etc. on which they had charged and collected service tax from their clients but evaded payment of service tax during the period from October, 2012 to June, 2017 and had also failed to file ST-3 Returns for the said period. The service tax liability was worked out on the basis of income recorded in Income Tax returns and Form 26-AS of the Appellant.

7. I find that as recorded in para 4 of the impugned order, Shri Iqbal Rahman Sheikh, Proprietor of the Appellant, in his statement recorded under Section 14 of the Central Excise Act read with Section 83 of the Act, admitted about non payment of service tax due to financial problems. The Appellant has also pleaded before me that they had admitted their liability during the course of enquiry after explaining to the officers that there was no proper working hand in his firm and hence, they failed to discharge the entire service tax liability. Since, the Appellant has not disputed about their liability to pay service tax on the income received by them for providing various services mentioned above, I uphold the confirmation of service tax demand of Rs. 54,87,877/-. Since demand is upheld, it is natural that confirmed demand is required to be discharged along with interest. I, therefore, uphold recovery of interest under Section 75 ibid.

8. Regarding penalty imposed under Section 78 of the Act, I find that non payment of service tax by the Appellant was unearthed only during investigation carried out by the Department. They had also not filed any ST-3 Returns during the period and hence they had not declared their liability to the department. Had there been no investigation by the Department, the non payment of service

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tax by the Appellant would have gone unnoticed. So, there was suppression of facts involved in the present case. Since the Appellant suppressed the facts of non-payment of Service Tax, penalty under Section 78 of the Act is mandatory as has been held by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Rajasthan Spinning & Weaving Mills reported as 2009 (238) E.L.T. 3 (S.C.), wherein it is held that when there are ingredients for invoking extended period of limitation for demand of duty, imposition of penalty under Section 11AC is mandatory. The ratio of the said judgment applies to the facts of the present case. I, therefore, uphold penalty of Rs. 54,87,877/- imposed under Section 78 of the Act.

9. I find that the adjudicating authority has imposed penalty under Section 77 of the Act on the grounds that the Appellant failed to assess correct service tax liability and has failed to furnish information /documents called upon by the investigating officers. I concur with the findings of the adjudicating authority and uphold imposition of penalty of Rs. 10,000/- under Section 77 of the Act.

10. Regarding late fees imposed under Section 70 of the Act, I find that the Appellant had failed to file ST-3 returns for the period from October, 2012 to June, 2017. Hence, the Appellant has been rightly held liable for late fees under Section 70 of the Act. I, therefore, uphold late fees of Rs. 2,00,000/- under Section 70 of the Act.

11. Regarding contention of the Appellant that service tax demanded in the Show Cause Notice was already paid along with interest before the issuance of the Show Cause Notice and hence, there was no requirement to issue the notice proposing penalty, I find that the Appellant has not produced any evidence about payment of service tax and interest involved in the present case before me. Further, nothing is recorded in the impugned order about payment of service tax and interest, as claimed by the Appellant. I, therefore, reject this plea of the Appellant.

12. In view of the above, I uphold the impugned order and reject the appeal.

13. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

13. The appeal filed by the Appellant is disposed off as above.



सत्यापित.

विपुल शाह अधीक्षक (बन्धाव्य)

1505 1 De 2021 -. Akhilesh Kumar) Commissioner (Appeals)

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By Regd Post A.D.

To,	सेवा में,		
M/s Abrar Forwarders, P & P Plaza,	मे.अबरार फॉर्वर्डर्स,		
101, LIC Street,	पी एंड पी प्लाजा, १०१, एल आई सी स्ट्रीट,		
Gandhidham.			
	गांधीधाम.		

प्रतिलिपि :-

- मुख्य आयुक्त, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, गुजरात क्षेत्र, अहमदाबाद को जानकारी हेत्।
- आयुक्त, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, गांधीधाम आयुक्तालय, गांधीधाम को आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु।
- संयुक्त आयुक्त, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर एवं केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, गांधीधाम आयुक्तालय, गांधीधाम को आवश्यक कार्यवाही हेतु।
- 4) गार्ड फ़ाइल।——



