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::आयुक्त (अपील) का कार्यालय, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर और केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्कः: O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS), GST & CENTRAL EXCISE,

दवितीय तल, जी एस टी भवन / 2nd Floor, GST Bhavan, रेस कोर्स रिंग रोड, / Race Course Ring Road,



करादेश स्टब्से

राजकोट / Rajkot - 360 001

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रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए. डी. दवारा :-

अपील / फाइल संख्या /	मूल आदेश सं /	दिनांक /
Appeal / File No.	O.1.O. No.	Date
V2/175/GDM/2017	03/Refund/2017-18	14-07-2017
V2/176/GDM/2017	04/Refund/2017-18	14-07-2017
V2/222/GDM/2017	16/Refund/2017-18	09-11-2017
V2/260/GDM/2017	18/Refund/2017-18	08-01-2018

अपील आदेश संख्या (Order-In-Appeal No.):

KCH-EXCUS-000-APP-084-TO-087-2018-19

आदेश का दिनांक /

18.07.2018

जारी करने की तारीख/

20.07.2018

Date of Order

Date of issue:

कुमार संतोष, आयुक्त (अपील), राजकोट दवारा पारित / Passed by Shri Kumar Santosh, Commissioner (Appeals), Rajkot

ग अपर आयुक्त/ संयुक्त आयुक्त/ उपायुक्त/ सहायक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क/ संवाकर, राजकोट / जामनगर / गांधीधाम। द्वारा उपरलिखित जारी

Arising out of above mentioned OIO issued by Additional/Joint/Depaty/Assistant Commissioner, Central Excise / Service Tax, Rajkot / Jamnagar / Gandhidham :

घ अपीलकर्ता & प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पता /Name & Address of the Appellant & Respondent :-M/s. Welspun Trading Ltd.,, Shop No. 17, S.No. 910/22, Anjar Bhachau State HighwayVill: Versamedi, Tal: Anjar Dist: Kutch- 370110.

इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व्यक्ति निम्नतिखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण के समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकता है।/ Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal to the appropriate authority in the following way.

- सीमा शुल्क ,केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीतीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपीत, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिन्नियम ,1944 की धारा 35B के अंतर्गत एवं वित्त अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 85 के अंतर्गत निम्नतिखित जग्म की जा सकती है ।/ Appeal to Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal under Section 35B of CEA, 1944 / Under Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994 an appeal lies to:-(A)
- वर्गीकरण मूल्यांकन से सम्बन्धित सभी मामले सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की विशेष पीठ, वेस्ट ब्लॉक नं 2, आर. के. पुरम, नई दिल्ली, को की जानी चाहिए ।/ The special bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal of West Block No. 2, R.K. Puram, New Delhi in all (i) matters relating to classification and valuation.
- उपरोक्त परिच्छेद 1(a) में बताए गए अपीलों के अलावा शेप सभी अपीलें सीमा शुल्क, केंद्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय ल्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, , द्वितीय तल, बहुमाली भवल असार्वा अहमदाबाद- ३८००१६ को की जानी चाहिए ।/ To the West regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at, 2nd Floor, Bhaumali Bhawan, Asarwa Ahmedabad-380016 in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-1(a) above
- अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अपील प्रस्तुत करने के लिए केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001, के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए गये प्रपत्र EA-3 को चार प्रतियों में दर्ज किया जाना चाहिए । इनमें से कम र कम एक प्रति के साथ, जहां उत्पाद शुल्क की माँग ,त्याज की माँग और लगाया गया जुर्माना, रुपए 5 लाख था असरे कम, 5 लाख रुएए या 50 लाख रुएए वस अथवा 50 लाख रुएए से अधिक है तो क्रमश: 1,000/- रुपये अथवा 10,000/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुल्यः की प्रति तंत्रगन करें। निर्धारित शुल्क का भुगतान, संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक रजिस्टार के नाम से किसी भी अतिजिनक क्षेत्र के बेंक द्वारा जारी रेखांकित बेंक शुक्ट व्हारा किया जाना चाहिए। संबंधित झुप्तट का भुगतान, वेंक की उस शाखा में होना चाहिए असे संबंधित अपीलीय ज्यायाधिकरण की शाखा क्यित है। स्थगन आदेश (स्टे ऑर्डर) के लिए आवेदल-पत्र के साथ 500/- रुपए का निर्धारित शुल्क जमा करना होगा।/
 The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be ided in quadrusticate in form EA-3 / as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise (Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 1,000/- Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty demand/interest/penalty/refund is upto 5 Lac., 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asst. Registrar of branch of any nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of say nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of stay shall be accompanied by a ree of Rs. 500/-.

अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अपील, विद्त अधिनियम, 1994 की पात 85(?) के अंतगत संवाकर नियमवाली, 1994, के नियम 9(1) के तहत निर्धाित प्रपन्न 5.7.-5 में चार प्रतियों में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके शाय जिस आदेश के विरुद्ध अपील की गयी हो, उसकी प्रति साथ में संतग्न करें एउनमें से एक प्रति प्रमाणित होनी चाहिए) और इनमें से कम से कम एक एति के साथ, जहां सेवाकर की माँग , ज्याज की माँग और तगाया गया जर्माना, रुपए 5 लाख या उससे कम, 5 लाख रुपए या 50 लाख रुपए नक अध्वा 50 लाख रुपए से अधिक है तो क्रमश: 1,000/- रुपये, 5,000/- रुपये अथवा 10,000/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुरूक की प्रति संतग्न करे। निर्धारित शुरूक का भुगतान, संवंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक रिजस्टित के लाम से किसी भी सार्वजिनक क्षेत्र के बंक द्वारा कारी रेखाकित। वेंक शुरूर देवारा किया जाना चाहिए । संबंधित हाष्ट्र का सुगतान, वेंक उस शाख में होना चाहिए जहां संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को शाखा किया हो । स्थान आदेश (स्टे ऑर्डर) के लिए आवेदन-एव के साथ (B)

500/- रुएए का निर्धारित श्ल्क जमा करना होगा ।/

The appeal under sub-section (1) of Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994, to the Appellate Tribunal Shall be filed in quadruplicate in Form S.T.5 as prescribed under Rule S(T) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994, and Shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against (one of which shall be centified copy) and should be accompanied by a less of Rs 1000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied of Rs. 5 Lakhs or less, Rs.5000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied is more than five lakhs but not exceeding Rs. Fifty Lakhs, Rs.10,000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded S penalty levied is more than fifty Lakhs rupees, in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of the Assistant Register of the bench of nominated Public Sector Bank of the place where the bench of Tribunal is situated. I Application made for grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.500/-तावत वान

- (i)बित्त अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 86 की उप-धात्तओं (2) एवं (2/० के अक्टीत देश की अधीत, सेश्राक्त नियमवाती, 1994, के नियम 9(2) एवं 9(2A) के तहत निर्धारित प्रषय S.T.-7 में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके राज उज्यक्त, कन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरूक अथवा आयुक्त (अपील), केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरूक दुगरा पारित आदेश की प्रतियाँ समग्य करें (उन्हमें से एक पि एकालित जाने) वाहिए) और आयुक्त दुगरा सहायक आयुक्त अथवा उपायुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरूक/ सेवाकर, को अपीलीय नवायाधिकरण को आरेयून वर्ज करने का विदेश देने वाले आदेश की प्रति भी साथ में संसगन करनी होगी। / The appeal under sub-section (2) and (2A) of the section 36 the Finance Act 1994, shall be filed in For ST.7 as prescribed under Rule 9 (2) & 9(2A) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994 and shall be accompanied by a copy of order of Commissioner. Central Excise or Commissioner, Central Excise (Appeals) (ens of which shall be a certified copy) and copy of the order possed by the Commissioner authorizing the Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Central Excise/ Service Tax to file the appeal before the Appellate Tribunal.
- तीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीनीय प्रस्थिकरण (पंज्येट) के प्रति अपीनों के मामले में केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम 1944 की धारा 35एफ के अंतर्गत, जो की वित्तीय अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 53 के अंतर्गत सेवाकर को भी लागू की गई है, इस आदेश के प्रति अपीनीय प्राधिकरण में अपीन करते समय उत्पाद शुल्क/सेवा कर मांग के 10 प्रतिभक्त (10%), तब मांग एवं जुर्माना विवादित है, या जुर्माना, जब केवल जुर्माना विवादित है, का भुगतान किया जाए, वशर्म कि इस धारा के अंतर्गत आमी कि आने दाली अपीनित देय राशि दस करोड़ रुपए से अधिक न हो। (ii) केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर के अंतर्गत "माग किए गए शुल्क" में निम्न शामिल है

धारा 11 डी के अंतर्गत एडम

सेनवेट जमा की ती गई गतत शशि (ii)

 (iii) सैनवेट जमा नियमाजरी के नियम 6 के असलेस स्य रक्तम
 वधर्त यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान विवतीय (घं- 2) अधिनियम 2014 के आरंभ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष विचाराधीन स्थगन अर्ज़ी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होगे!!

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, under Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under Section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute, provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to a ceiling of Rs. 10 Crores,

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty Demanded" shall include :

amount determined under Section 11 D; amount of erroneous Cenvat Gredit taken; (ii)

amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules

- provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2014.

आरत रायकार को पुजरीक्षण आवेदन :

(C)

Revision application to Government of India: इस आदेश की पुनरोक्षण याचिका निम्निक्षित सामले में, विदेश उत्पाद भूका अधिनियान, 1994 की धारा 35EE के प्रथम परंतुक के अंतर्गत अवर समिद, आरत सम्बद्ध, पुनरोक्षण आवेदन हंकाई, वित्त सम्राजय, धरम्भ विदेश, चौनी लंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110001, को विच्या कारणार्थ, पुनरोक्षण अवेदन हंकाई, वित्त सम्राजय, धरमभ्य विदेश, चौनी लंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110001, को किया जाता चाहिए। /

revision application lies to the Under Sacrotory, to the Queciment of India, Revision Application Unit, Ministry of Finance, epartment of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jessen Deep Building Familianish Street, New Delhi-110001, under Section 35EE of the Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Familianent Street, New Delhi-110001, under CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-358 ibid:

- यदि हाल के किसी नुकसान के सामरे में, जहा नकसान फिली अहर को किसी भारखाते से संदार यह के पारगमन के टॉसान या फिसी अन्य कारखाने या (i)बाद को के पहेंची मुख्यान के मोनाद जे, जहां गुल्काल किया ने हिन्दी जिल्हा के नवार यह के परिगमन के दारान या किसी आन्य कार्यान या किसी आप किस किस के एक्स के दौरान, किसी कारयाने या किसी मिन्दी किस मान के एक्स करण के दौरान, किसी कारयाने या किसी मिन्दी मिन्दी
- शवत के सहर किही एष्ट या क्षेत्र को निर्धात कर रहे आज के निर्धाल के प्रयुक्त करने साल पर शरी गई केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्फ के छुट (रिबंट) के गयाने में, जो भारत के बहुर दिशी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र की निर्धात की करी है। (ii) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.
- यदि उत्पाद शुल्क का भूगतान किए किना आरत के बहुन, अभाग या गुड़ान को आत कियाँत किया गया है। / In case of goods experied outside India expent to Nepat or Abstan, without payment of duty. (iii)
- अितिस्थित अस्पाद के उत्पादन शुल्क के शुक्कम के किए आ इयुंडी अंकीर एक अितिस्थम एवं इसके विक्रिक्व प्रावधानों के तहत मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो आयुक्त (अशीस) के द्वारा दिता अधिनिधन (अ. 2), 1998 का धारा 109 के द्वारा निध्त को गई तारीस अथवा समायाविधि पर या बाद में परित किए गए हैं।/ (iv)

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards phymonic of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

उपरोक्त आवेदन की यो प्रतिया प्राप्त संख्या EA-3 में, जो को केन्द्रीय उन्हरण शुक्क (अपील) त्रियमावती, 2001, के त्रियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिण्ट है, इस आदेश के संशेषण के 3 मार के अंतर्गत की जानी जाहिए । उन्हरून के काथ मूल आदेश व अपील आदेश की यो प्रतिया संतर्ग की जानी चाहिए। साथ ही केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुक्क अधिनियस, 1944 की धारा 55-35 के त्रहन निर्धारित शुक्क की अदायमी के साक्ष्य के तौर पर TR-6 की प्रति संतर्भ की जानी चाहिए। / (V)

The above application shall be made in duplicate in first No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order energin to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. I should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed les as prescribed tuser Section 35-EE of CEA, 1844, under Major Head of Account.

- कुरीक्षण आयेदन के साथ निकालिखिल निर्धारित शुरूक की सहस्वकी की कानी वर्षीर । वेहाँ संतक्त रकम एक लोख करके या उससे कम हैं। से सक्ये 2007 का कुशनाम किया आए और यदि संतक्त रकम एक **ताख रूपये से ज्यादा हो तो** रुपये 1000 -/ का कुशताम निया जाए । The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of 3s. 2397- where the amount involved in Rupees One Eac or less and Rs. 1000/- where the amount involved is more transfer Core Eac. $(\forall i)$
- पदि इस आदेश में कई जल आदेशों का समावेश है हो धर्मक आप आदेश के लिए सुस्त का मुनतान, उपर्युक्त वंग से किया जाना वाहिये। इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी की दिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बयन के लिए अमावियांका अमेतिक एक अभिन्न में एक अभिन्न में सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है। I be case, if the order covers various numbers of order in Original, les for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner, not withstanding the fact that the one appeal to be Appellant Trabanal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excessing the interview of Rs. 100% for each. (D)
- মধার্মগাঁধির সমাযালয় খুনন প্রাটানিমন, 1975, के अनुसूर्य । মানুষ্য মূল সেইখ এই কালৰ সাইখ কী प्रति पर निर्धारित 6.50 रूपये का ज्यायालय शुक्क टिकिट लगा होता चाहिए। / One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjudicating authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Ro. 6.50 as prescribed under Schedule-I in terms of the Cross Fee Act,1975, ac amended. (2)
- सीमा शुल्क, केल्द्रीय उत्पद्ध शुल्क एवं संवाहर अधिकोट क्याधाविकाण (१९वं विवि) नियमायकी, 1982 में वर्गित एवं अन्य संबन्धित मामलों को अन्यिकीत करने वाले नियमो की और भी ध्यान आरक्षित केला किए। १० Attention is also invited to the rules covering mose and cross selected matters contained in the Customs, Excise and Service Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.
- उच्च अप्रोतीय पाविकारी को अर्थात दाखिन करने हैं। हार्राधित कारण, विस्तृत और संधेवतम प्राव<mark>धानों के लिए, अपीलार्थी विभागीय वेससाइट</mark> 4**(**G) www.cbec.gov.in को देख सकते हैं । / For the elaborate, distailed and latest provisions relating to filing of appeal to the Figher appellate authority, the appellant may refer to the Departmental website www.cbec.gov in

:: ORDER-IN-APPEAL ::

The appeals listed below have been filed by M/s. Welspun Trading Limited, Shop No. 17, S.No. 910/22, Village: Varsamedi, Taluka: Anjar, District: Kutchh — 370 110 (hereinafter referred to as "Appellant") against Orders-In-Original shown against each appeal number (hereinafter referred to as "impugned orders") passed by the Deputy Commissioner, Central GST, Division - Anjar-Bhachau (Kutch) (hereinafter referred to as "the lower adjudicating authority").

Sr.	Appeal No	Order-in-Original	Refund involved		
No.		Date	Swachh Bharat Cess	Krishi Kalyan Cess	Total ·
01	175/GDM/17	03/Refund/2017-18 14.07.2017	4,10,801/-	4,10,801/-	8,21,602/-
02	176/GDM/17	04/Refund/2017-18 14.07.2017	1,75,050/-	1,75,050/-	3.50,100/-
03	222/GDM/17	16/Rebate/2017-18 09.11.2017	2,39,133/-	2,39,133/-	4,75,266/-
04	260/GDM/17	18/Refund/2017-18 08.01.2018	38,453/-/-	38,453/-	76,906/-

- 2. Since the issue involved is identical, all these appeals are being taken up together for decision.
- 3. The brief facts of the case are that the appellant had filed applications seeking refund of Service Tax paid by them on the services utilized for export, under Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29-06-2012, as amended (hereinafter referred to as "the said notification"), before the Lower Adjudicating Authority, who rejected refund of SBC and KKC vide impugned orders stating that the amount is deductable from the claim as there is no clarification regarding refund of SBC and KKC under Notification No. 41/2012-ST.
- 4. Being aggrieved with the impugned orders, the appellant has filed these appeals, *inter-alia*, on the grounds that :-
- (i) The Lower Adjudicating Authority has rejected refund of SBC & KKC on the ground that there is no clarification regarding refund of SBC & KKC in Notification No. 41/2012-ST, which is not justified.
- (ii) SBC was levied as service tax w.e.f. 15.11.2015 by Finance Act, 2015 and KKC was levied from 01.06.2016 as service tax by Finance Act, 2016 both under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 which clearly state that provisions relating to refunds, exemptions from tax, interest and imposition of penalty shall apply in relation to the levy and



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collection of SBC & KKC on taxable services, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of tax on such taxable services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 or rules made thereunder, as the case maybe.

- (iii) Notification No. 41/2012-ST was issued prior to the levy of SBC & KKC. However, Section 119(5) of Finance Act, 2015 for SBC and Section 161(5) of Finance Act, 2016 for KKC specifically envisage that mentions the provision Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 and rule made thereunder, including those relating to refunds, shall also apply and hence, no further clarification was required in the said notification.
- (iv) In the case of refund of service tax and identical situation had arise, in respect of refund of education cess and secondary and higher education cess, wherein CBEC has clarified vide Circular No. 134/3/2011-ST dated 08.04.2011 that education cess and secondary and higher education cess are also exempted, when service tax is exempted, and therefore, both are refundable. The same ratio applies in the case of refund of SBC and KKC also.
- (v) The appellant also relied on the ratio of the judgment of CESTAT, Mumbai reported as 2016(14) STR 434 (Tri.Mum) wherein it was held that in respect of refund of education cess and SHE cess, that when services are used in export of goods, then benefit of Notification for refund of aforesaid cesses not deniable when export of goods is undisputed.
- (vi) The appellant also submit that in their own case, in an identical refund claim, before Service Tax Authorities at LTU, Mumbai, the entire claim of refund including SBC & KKC has been sanctioned without any deduction.
- 5. Personal hearing in the matter was attended by Shri Shridev Vyas, Advocate, wherein he, inter alia, reiterated the grounds of appeal and submitted that SBC & KKC need to be treated as Service Tax and not as Cess; that refund of SBC & KKC on goods exported outside India needs to be granted as per Additional Secretary (RA) order dated 17.04.2018 in which he upheld the earlier orders of Commissioner (Appeals), Rajkot.

FINDINGS:

- 6. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, the impugned orders, appeals memorandum and the submissions of the appellant. The issue to be decided in the present case is as to whether the appellant is entitled for refund of SBC & KKC, paid on the services used for export of goods under Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 or otherwise.
- 7. I find that the lower adjudicating authority has held that refund of SBC & KKC is required to be rejected as there is no clarification regarding refund of SBC & KKC in Notification No. 41/2012-ST, whereas, the appellant has submitted that Notification No. 41/2012-ST is clearly stating to grant refund of service tax paid on the services used for export of goods and sub-section (2) of Section 119 of the Finance Act, 2015 and sub-section (2) of Section 161 of the Finance Act, 2016 clearly stipulate SBC and KKC as service tax respectively; that sub-section (5) of Section 119 of the Finance Act, and sub-section (5) of the Section 161 of the Finance Act, 2016 also stipulate that all provisions related to refund of service tax under Finance Act, 1994 shall be applicable to refund of SBC & KKC. I find that above provisions were not taken into consideration by the lower adjudicating authority in the impugned orders and hence, the impugned orders are not correct, legal and proper.
- 7.1 I find it relevant to refer to Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 which allows refund of Service Tax, and opening Paragraph reads as under:

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 93A of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1994) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) number 52/2011-Service Tax, dated the 30th December, 2011, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R. 945(E), dated the 30th December, 2011, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such supersession, the Central Government, on being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby grants rebate of service tax paid (hereinafter referred to as rebate) on the taxable services which are received by an exporter of goods (hereinafter referred to as the exporter) and used for export of goods, subject to the extent and manner specified herein below, namely:-

(Emphasis supplied)

7.2 In view of above, I find that Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 grants refund of service tax paid on the taxable services received



by an exporter of goods and used for export of goods. I find that SBC is leviable by virtue of insertion of Section 119 of Finance Act, 2015, as service tax on the value of taxable services at the rates notified by the Central Government. I would like to reproduce Chapter VI inserted vide Section 119 of the Finance Act, 2015, which is as under:-

Chapter VI

Swachh Bharat Cess

119. Swachh Bharat Cess. --

- (1) This Chapter shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
- (2) There shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, a cess to be called the Swachh Bharat Cess, as service tax on all or any of the taxable services at the rate of two per cent. on the value of such services for the purposes of financing and promoting Swachh Bharat initiatives or for any other purpose relating thereto.
- (3) The Swachh Bharat Cess leviable under sub-section (2) shall be in addition to any cess or service tax leviable on such taxable services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1994), or under any other law for the time being in force.
- (4) The proceeds of the Swachh Bharat Cess levied under subsection (2) shall first be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India and the Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, utilise such sums of money of the Swachh Bharat Cess for such purposes specified in sub-section (2), as it may consider necessary.
- (5) The provisions of Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 and the rules made thereunder, including those relating to refunds and exemptions from tax, interest and imposition of penalty shall, as far as may be, apply in relation to the levy and collection of the Swachh Bharat Cess on taxable services, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of tax on such taxable services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 or the rules made thereunder, as the case may be.

(Emphasis supplied)

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7.3 I also find that KKC is leviable by virtue of insertion of Section 161 of Finance Act, 2016, as service tax on the value of taxable services at the rates



notified by the Central Government. I would like to reproduce Chapter VI inserted vide Section 161 of the Finance Act, 2016, which is as under:-

CHAPTER VI KRISHI KALYAN CESS

SECTION 161. Krishi Kalyan Cess. — (1) This Chapter shall come into force on the 1st day of June, 2016.

- (2) There shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, a cess to be called the Krishi Kalyan Cess, as service tax on all or any of the taxable services at the rate of 0.5 per cent. on the value of such services for the purposes of financing and promoting initiatives to improve agriculture or for any other purpose relating thereto.
- (3) The Krishi Kalyan Cess leviable under sub-section (2) shall be in addition to any cess or service tax leviable on such taxable services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1944), or under any other law for the time being in force.
- (4) The proceeds of the Krishi Kalyan Cess levied under sub-section (2) shall first be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India and the Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, utilise such sums of money of the Krishi Kalyan Cess for such purposes specified in sub-section (2), as it may consider necessary.
- (5) The provisions of Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1944) and the rules made thereunder, including those relating to refunds and exemptions from tax, interest and imposition of penalty shall, as far as may be, apply in relation to the levy and collection of the Krishi Kalyan Cess on taxable services, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of tax on such taxable services under the said Chapter or the rules made thereunder, as the case may be.

(Emphasis supplied)

and

7.4 I find that Section 119 of Finance Act, 2015 levied SBC on taxable services and Section 119(2) of the said Act specifies SBC as Service Tax and Section 119(5) of the said Act specifies that the provisions of refund of Service Tax under Finance Act, 1994 shall apply to refund of SBC; and Section 161 of Finance Act, 2016 levied KKC on taxable services and Section 161(2) specifies KKC as Service Tax and Section 161(5) specifies that the provisions of refund

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of Service Tax under Finance Act, 1994 shall apply to refund of KKC. I also find that Section 119(1) of the Finance Act, 2015 stipulated that SBC shall be levied from the date as notified by the Central Government and the Central Government issued Notification No. 22/2015-ST dated 06.11.2015 under Section 93(1) of the Act and fixed rate of SBC @ 0.5% of the value of taxable services.

- 7.5 It is very clear that SBC has been levied as service tax only as has been stated to in Section 119(2) of the Finance Act, 2015 and the rate of SBC @ 2% of value of taxable services proposed under the Finance Act, 2015 has been reduced to @ 0.5% of value of taxable services vide notification issued under Section 93(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 which enables central government to grant exemption from service tax. Therefore, I am of the considered view that SBC has been given status of service tax levied under the Finance Act, 1994 for the purpose of refund/rebate. In view of discussions held above, I also find ample force in the arguments of the appellant that SBC & KKC though called cess but have been given status of service tax as is evident from Section 119(2) & Section 119(5) of Finance Act, 2015 and Section 161(2) & 161(5) of Finance Act, 2016 respectively.
- 7.6 I find that it is settled position that the Government of India has consistently adopted policy not to export taxes. If the contention of the lower adjudicating authority is accepted then refund of SBC & KKC, even if imposed as Service Tax vide Section 119(2) of Finance Act, 2015 and vide Section 161(5) of Finance Act, 2016, shall not be allowed, which will mean that intention of legislation is to export taxes and the stated policy of the Government shall be reversed by such an interpretation. It is settled position of law that any provision of law can't be interpreted in such a way to make other provisions of law meaningless or to reverse the intention of the legislation.
- 8. I find that Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 has been issued under Section 93A of the Act which gives Central Government power to grant rebate. The said Notification No. 41/2012-ST grants refund of service tax paid on the taxable services used for export of goods by an exporter. Since SBC & KKC, both have been treated as service tax, as detailed above, the rebate of SBC & KKC is allowable under Notification *ibid*.
- 8.1 I also find that Notification No. 39/2012-ST dated 20.12.2012 granting refund of service tax paid on services used in providing export of services has been amended vide Notification No. 3/2016-ST dated 03.02.2016 and

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Notification No. 29/2016-ST dated 26.05.2016, so as to allow refund of SBC and KKC; similarly, Notification No. 12/2013-ST dated 01.07.2013 allowing refund of service tax paid on specified services used in SEZ has also been amended vide Notification No. 2/2016-ST dated 03.02.2016 and Notification No. 30/2016-ST dated 26.05.2016, so as to allow refund of SBC & KKC, however no such amendment has been made in Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 because no amendment is required as explained below:-

8.2 Notification No. 39/2012-ST dated 20.12.2012 had allowed refund of service tax and cess and Explanation 1 was as under:—

Explanation-1

- (a) <u>service tax means service tax leviable under Section 66 or Section 66B of the Finance Act</u>, 1994;
- (b) education cess means education cess on taxable service levied under section 91 read with section 95 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2004 (23 of 2004);
- (c) Secondary & Higher Education Cess means Secondary & Higher Education Cess on taxable services levied under section 136 read with section 140 of the Finance Act, 2007 (22 of 2007).

(Emphasis supplied)

- any
- 8.3 Therefore, there was need to add SBC & KKC as clause (d) and clause (e) vide Notification No. 3/2016-ST dated 03.02.2016 and Notification No. 29/2016-ST dated 26.05.2016 as because only Service Tax leviable under Section 66 or Section 66B of the Finance Act, 1994 had been covered under clause (a) and not Service Tax imposed under Section 119 of the Finance Act, 2015 and Service Tax imposed under Section 161 of Finance Act, 2016.
- 8.4 Notification No. 12/2013-ST dated 01.07.2013 also had specifically provided refund of service tax leviable under Section 66B of the Finance Act, 1994 whereas SBC & KKC have been levied under Section 119 of the Act inserted vide Finance Act, 2015 and Section 161 of the Act inserted vide Finance Act, 2016, respectively, hence there was legal requirement to amend Notification No. 12/2013-ST vide Notification No. 2/2016-ST and Notification No. 30/2016-ST dated 26.05.2016 to include SBC & KKC for refund under Notification No. 12/2013-ST as SBC & KKC are not leviable under Section 66B of the Finance Act, 1994; whereas Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated

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29.06.2016 has allowed refund of service tax without specifying whether leviable under Section 66 or Section 66B of the Finance Act, 1994 and hence, no amendment in Notification No. 41/2012-ST was/is legally required to be undertaken.

- 9. In view of above factual & legal position, I set aside the impugned orders and allow all 04 appeals, with consequential relief.
- ९.१ अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील्स का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।
- 9.1 The appeals filed by the appellant stand disposed off in above terms.

भूति पूर्व जारे 18 भूति पूर्व जारे 18

(कुमार संतोष) १४। अ १४। आयुक्त (अपील्स)

By Speed Post

Tο

M/s. Welspun Trading Limited, Shop No. 17, S.No. 910/22,

Village: Varsamedi, Taluka: Anjar,

District: Kutchh - 370 110

मेसर्स वेलस्पून ट्रेडिंग लिमिटेड, शॉप नं १७, स. नं. ९१०/२२

गाव : वरसामेडी,

तालुका : अजार –कच्छ -३६७ ११०

Copy to:

- 1) The Chief Commissioner, GST & Central Excise, Ahmedabad Zone, Ahmedabad.
- 2) The Commissioner, GST & Central Excise, Kutch.
- 3) The Deputy Commissioner, GST & C.Ex, Division Anjar-Bhachau (Kutch)
- 4) Appeal File No: V.2/176/GDM/2017
- 5) Appeal File No: V.2/222/GDM/2017
- 6) Appeal File No: V.2/260/GDM/2017
- 7) Guard File

