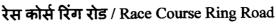


::आयक्त (अपील्स) का कार्यालय,वस्तु एवं सेवा करऔरकेन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्कः: O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS), GST &CENTRAL EXCISE

दवितीय तल्न,जी एस टी भवन / 2nd Floor, GST Bhavan





Tele Fax No. 0281 - 2477952/2441142Email: cexappealsrajkot@gmail.com



रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी.दवारा :-

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V2/24/GDM/2019

अपील / फाइलसंख्या/ Appeal /File No.

मूल आदेश सं /

O.I.O. No.

दिनांक/

Date

30-10-2018

04/AC/Anjar-Bhachau/2018-

EG 706999160 In

अपील आदेश संख्या(Order-In-Appeal No.): ख

KCH-EXCUS-000-APP-094-2019

आदेश का दिनांक /

Date of Order:

22,10,2019

जारी करने की तारीख /

23.10.2019

Date of issue:

श्रीगोपी नाय, आयुक्त (अपील्स), राजकोट द्वारा पारित /

Passed by Shri. Gopi Nath, Commissioner (Appeals), Rajkot

अपर आयुक्त/ संयुक्त आयुक्त/ उपायुक्त/ सहायक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क/ सेवाकर/वस्तु एवंसेवाकर, राजकोट / जामनगर / गांधीधाम। द्वारा उपरतिखित जारी मूल आदेश से सृजित: /

Arising out of above mentioned OIO issued by Additional/Joint/Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Central Excise/ST / GST,

Rajkot / Jamnagar / Gandhidham :

अपीलकर्ता & प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पता /Name & Address of the Appellant & Respondent :-

Gujarat NRE Coke Ltd(Steel Division), Village Lunava ,Taluka Bhachau, Kutch-370140

इस आदेश(अपील) से व्यथित कोई व्यक्ति निम्नलिखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकरण के समक्ष अपील दायर कर सकता है।/ Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal to the appropriate authority in the following way.

सीमा शुल्क ,केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम ,1944 की धारा 35B के अंतर्गत एवं वित्त अधिनियम, **1994 की धारा 86** के अंतर्गत निम्नलिखित जगह की जा सकती है ।/ (A)

Appeal to Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal under Section 35B of CEA, 1944 / Under Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994 an appeal lies to:-

(i) वर्गीकरण मूल्यांकन से सम्बन्धित सभी मामले सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की विशेष पीठ, वेस्ट ब्लॉक नं 2, आर. के. पुरम, नई दिल्ली, को की जानी चाहिए।

The special bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal of West Block No. 2, R.K. Puram, New Delhi in all matters relating to classification and valuation.

उपरोक्त परिच्छेद 1(a) में बताए गए अपीलों के अलावा शेष सभी अपीलें सीमा शुल्क,केंद्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट)की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका,,द्वितीय तल, बहुमाली भवन असावी अहमदाबाद- ३८००१६को की जानी चाहिए ।/ (ii)

To the West regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at, 2nd Floor, Bhaumali Bhawan, Asarwa Ahmedabad-380016in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-1(a) above

अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अपील प्रस्तुत करने के लिए केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क (अपील)नियमावली, 2001, के नियम 6 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए गये प्रपत्र EA-3 को चार प्रतियों में दर्ज किया जाना चाहिए। इनमें से कम एक प्रति के साथ, जहां उत्पाद शुल्क की माँग, ब्याज की माँग और लगाया गया जुर्माना, रुपए 5 लाख या उससे कम,5 लाख रुपए या 50 लाख रुपए तक अथवा 50 लाख रुपए से अधिक है तो क्रमशः 1,000/- रुपये, 5,000/- रुपये अथवा 10,000/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुल्क की प्रति संलग्न करें। निर्धारित शुल्क का भुगतान, संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक रिजस्टार के नाम से किसी भी सार्वजिनक क्षेत्र के बेंक द्वारा जारी रेखांकित बेंक ड्राफ्ट द्वारा किया (iii) जाना चाहिए । संबंधित ड्राफ्ट का भुगतान, बैंक की उस शाखा में होना चाहिए जहां संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा स्थित हैं । स्थान आदेश (स्टे ऑर्डर) के लिए आवेदन-पत्र के साथ 500/- रुपए का निर्धारित शुल्क जमा करना होगा ।/

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 / as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise (Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 1,000/- Rs.5000/-, Rs.10,000/- where amount of dutydemand/interest/penalty/refund is upto 5 Lac., 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draff in favour of Asst. Registrar of branch of any nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated. Application made for grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 500/-

अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के समक्ष अपील, वित्त अधिनियम,1994 की धारा 86(1) के अंतर्गत सेवाकर नियमवाली, 1994, के नियम 9(1) के तहत निर्धारित प्रपत्न S.T.-5 में चार प्रतियों में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके साथ जिस आदेश के विरुद्ध अपील की गयी हो, उसकी प्रति साथ में सलग्न करें (उनमें से एक प्रति प्रमाणित होनी चाहिए) और इनमें से कम से कम एक प्रति के साथ, जहां सेवाकर की माँग ,व्याज की माँग और लगाया गया जुर्माना,रुपए 5 लाख या उससे कम,5 लाख रुपए या 50 लाख रुपए तक अथवा 50 लाख रुपए से अधिक है तो क्रमशः 1,000/- रुपये, 5,000/-रुपये अथवा 10,000/- रुपये का निर्धारित जमा शुल्क की प्रति संलग्न करें। निर्धारित शुल्क का मुगतान, संबंधित अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक रजिस्टार के नाम से किसी भी सार्वजिनक क्षेत्र के बैंक द्वारा जारी रेखांकित बैंक ड्राफ्ट द्वारा किया जाना चाहिए। संबंधित आपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण की शाखा स्थित है। स्थगन आदेश (स्टे ऑर्डर) के लिए आवेदन-पत्र के साथ 500/- रुपए का निर्धारित शुल्क जामा करना होगा।/ (B)

The appeal under sub section (1) of Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994, to the Appellate Tribunal Shall be filed in quadruplicate in Form S.T.5 as prescribed under Rule 9(1) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994, and Shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against (one of which shall be certified copy) and should be secompanied by a fees of Rs. 1000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied of Rs. 5 Lakhs or less, Rs.5000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied is more than fifty Lakhs, Rs.10,000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied is more than fifty Lakhs, Rs.10,000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & penalty levied is more than fifty Lakhs, rupees, in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of the Assistant Registrar of the bench of nominated Public Sector Bank of the place where the bench of Tribunal is situated. Application made for grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.500/-

(i) वित अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा 86 की उप-धाराओं (2) एवं (2A) के अंतर्गत दर्ज की गयी अपील, सेवाकर नियमवाली, 1994, के नियम 9(2) एवं 9(2A) के तहत निर्धारित प्रपत्र S.T.-7 में की जा सकेगी एवं उसके साथ आयुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अथवा आयुक्त (अपील), केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुन्क द्वारा पारित आदेश की प्रतियाँ संलग्न करें (उनमें से एक प्रति प्रमाणित होनी चाहिए) और आयुक्त द्वारा सहायक आयुक्त अथवा उपायुक्त, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क/ सेवाकर, को अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को आवेदन दर्ज करने का निर्देश देने वाले आदेश की प्रति भी साथ में संलग्न करनी होगी। /

The appeal under sub section (2) and (2A) of the section 86 the Finance Act 1994, shall be filed in For ST.7 as prescribed under Rule 9 (2) & 9(2A) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994 and shall be accompanied by a copy of order of Commissioner Central Excise or Commissioner, Central Excise (Appeals) (one of which shall be a certified copy) and copy of the order passed by the Commissionerauthorizing the Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Central Excise / Service Tax to file the appeal before the Appellate Tribunal.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय प्राधिकरण (सेस्टेट) के प्रति अपीलों के मामले में केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम 1944 (ii) की घारा 35एफ के अंतर्गत, जो की वितीय अधिनियम, 1994 की घारा 83 के अंतर्गत सेवाकर को भी लागू की गई है, इस आदेश के प्रति अपीलीय प्राधिकरण में अपील करते समय उत्पाद शुल्क/सेवा कर मांग के 10 प्रतिशत (10%), जब मांग एवं जुर्माना विवादित है, या जुर्माना, जब केवल जुर्माना विवादित है, का भुगतान किया जाए, बशर्ते कि इस धारा के अंतर्गत जमा कि जाने वाली अपेक्षित देय राशि दस करोड़ रुपए से अधिक

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर के अंतर्गत "मांग किए गए शुल्क" में निम्न शामिल है

धारा 11 डी के अंतर्गत रकम (i)

सेनवेट जमा की ली गई गलत राशि

सेनवेट जमा नियमावली के नियम 6 के अंतरात देय रकम (iii)

- बंशर्ते यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान वितीय (सं. 2) अधिनियम 2014 के आरंभ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष

- बशते यह कि इस धारा के प्रावधान वितीय (सं. 2) अधिनियम 2014 के आरंभ से पूर्व किसी अपीलीय प्राधिकारी के समक्ष विचाराधीन स्थान अज़ी एवं अपील को लागू नहीं होगे।/

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, under Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under Section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute, provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to a ceiling of Rs. 10 Crores,

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty Demanded" shall include:

(i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
(ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken,
(iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules

- provided further that the provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Finance (No.2) Act, 2014.

भारत सरकार कोपनरीक्षण आवेदन:
Revision application to Government of India:
इस आदेश की पुनरीक्षणयाचिका निम्नलिखित मामलो में, केंद्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम,1994 की धारा 35EE के प्रथमपरंतृक के अंतर्गतअवर सचिव, भारत सरकार, पुनरीक्षण आवेदन ईकाई, वित्त संत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110001, को किया जाना चाहिए। /
A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Government of India, Revision Application Unit, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi-110001, under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to subsection (1) of Section-35B ibid: (C)

यदि माल के किसी नुकसान के मामले में, जहां नुकसान किसी माल को किसी कारखाने से भंडार गृह के पारगमन के दौरान या किसी अन्य कारखाने या फिर किसी एक भंडार गृह से दूसरे भंडार गृह पारगमन के दौरान, या किसी भंडार गृह में या भंडारण में माल के प्रसंस्करण के दौरान, किसी कारखाने या किसी भंडार गृह में माल के नुकसान के मामले में।/ In case of any loss of goods, where the loss occurs in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse (i)

भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र को निर्यात कर रहे माल के विनिर्भाण में प्रयुक्त कच्चे माल पर भरी गई केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क के छुट (रिबेट) के (ii) मामले में, जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या क्षेत्र की जियात की गयी है। / In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

यदि उत्पाद शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर, नेपाल या भूटान को माल निर्यात किया गया है। / In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty. (iii)

सुनिश्चित उत्पाद के उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो इयूटी क्रेडीट इस अधिनियम एवं इसके विभिन्न प्रावधानों के तहत मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो आयुक्त (अपील) के द्वार, वित अधिनियम (ज. 2),1998 की धारा 109 के द्वारा नियत की गई तारीख अथवा समायाविधि (iv) पर या बाद में पारित किए गए है।/ Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

उपरोक्त आवेदन की दो प्रतियां प्रपत्र संख्या EA-8 में, जो की केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील)नियमावली,2001, के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट है, इस आदेश के संप्रेषण के 3 माह के अंतर्गत की जानी चाहिए। उपरोक्त आवेदन के साथ मूल आदेश व अपील आदेश की दो प्रतियां संलग्न की जानी चाहिए। साथ ही केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की घारा 35-EE के तहत निर्धारित शुल्क की अदायगी के साक्ष्य के तौर पर TR-6 की प्रति संलग्न की जानी चाहिए। / The above application shall be made in deplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account. (v)

पुनरीक्षण आवेदन के साथ निम्नलिखित निर्धारित शुल्क की अदायकों की जानी चाहिए । जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम हो तो रुपये 200/- का भुगतान किया जाए और यदि संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये से ज्यादा हो (vi) तो रूपये 1000 -/ का भुगतान किया जाए। The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 200/- where the amount involved in Rupees One Lac or less and Rs. 1000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश हैं तो प्रत्येक्त मूल आदेश के लिए शुल्क का भुगतान, उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिये। इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी की लिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय नयाधिकरण को एक अपील या केंद्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है । / In case, if the order covers variousnumbers of order- in Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner, not withstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lakh fee of Rs. 100/- for each. (D)

यथासंशोधित न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम, 1975, के अनुसूर्या-। के अनुसार नूल आदेश एवं स्थगन आदेश की प्रति पर निर्धारित 6.50 रुपये का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकिट लगा होना चाहिए। / One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjudicating authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 as prescribed under Schedule-I in terms of the Court Fee Act, 1975, as amended. (E)

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्याथाधिकरण (कार्य विधि) नियमावली, 1982 में वर्णित एवं अन्य संबन्धित मामलों को सिम्मलित करने वाले नियमों की और भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है। / Attention is also invited to the rules covering these at & other related matters contained in the Customs, Excise and Service Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1902. (F)

(G) उच्च अपीलीय प्राधिकारी को अपील दाखिल करने से संगिधत व्यापक, विरुद्धत और नवीनतम प्रादधानों के लिए, अपीलार्थी विभागीय वेबसाइट www.cbec.gov.in कि देख सकते हैं । /
For the elaborate detailed and latest provisions relating to filing of appeal to the higher appellate authority, the appellant may refer to the Departmental website www.cbec.gov.in.

M/s. Gujarat NRE Coke Ltd. (Steel Division), Village Lunava, Tal Bhachau, Kutch (hereinafter referred to as 'Appellant') has filed the present appeal against Order-In-Original No. 04/AC/Anjar-Bhachau/2018-19 dated 30.10.2018 (hereinafter referred to as 'the impugned order'), passed by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST Division-Anjar Bhachau. (hereinafter referred to as "the adjudicating authority").

- 2. The facts of the case in brief, are that during the course of audit, on verification of cenvatable invoices, it was noticed that the said appellant has availed cenvat credit on invoices raised by their head office registered under Input Service Distributors (ISD) and it was also noticed that the ISD has passed excess Cenvat Credit to the appellant to the tune of Rs. 41,71,511/- which resulted into excess availment / utilization of Cenvat Credit by the appellant. A SCN was issued to the appellant on 23.04.2018 for recovery of wrongly utilized cenvat credit to the tune of Rs. 41,71,511/- under Rule 14 of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with Section 11A(4) of the Central Excise Act, 1944 along with interest under Rule 14 of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with Section 11AA of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (hereinafter referred to as "the CEA, 1944) and to impose penalty under Rule 15(2) of the Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with Section 11 AC of the Central Excise Act, 1944. The adjudicating authority adjudicated the show cause notices vide impugned order wherein he confirmed demand of Rs 41,71,511/- under Rule 14 of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with Section 11A(4) of the Central Excise 'Act, 1944; ordered recovery of interest under Section Rule 14 of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with Section 11AA of the Act and also imposed penalty of Rs. 41,71,511/under Rule 15(2) of the Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with Section 11 AC of the Act.
 - 3. Being aggrieved with the impugned order, the appellant preferred the present appeal, interalia, on the following grounds:
 - (i) The impugned order passed by the lower adjudicating authority is illegal and should be quashed and set aside. Appellant submitted that they have availed and utilized cenvat credit excess but their other units suffer a loss as by clerical mistake their bhachau unit gets more credit; hence matter is revenue neutral.
 - (ii) The appellant has been undergoing insolvency and bankruptcy code (IBC 2016) the appellant had inform the adjudicating authority that the Hon'ble NCLT have ordered the appellant "that no suits or other legal proceedings shall be instituted by or against the corporate debtor"

(iii) Further, appellant submitted that the auditors have failed to establish that there was willful availment of ineligible cenvat credit. Further, as their unit have availed excess cenvat credit on other hand their other three units got lesser credit so it is a revenue neutral matter. The matter is related to only clerical mistake in computation of percentage of turnover of previous year of respective units for arriving at the basis of apportionment of Cenvat Credit by ISD.

The appellant in this regard, relied on following case-law: -

- M/s. Dashion Ltd. in Tax Appeal No. 415 of 2013 & 662 of 2014 [2016-TIOL-111-HC-AHM-ST]..
- 4. Personal hearing in the matter was attended to by Shri Pradyot K Chatopadhyay, General Manager Commercial and Shri Amit Agarwal, AGM Commercial, who reiterated Grounds of Appeal and submitted that their appeal may be decided on the basis of above facts and legal position.
- 5. I find that the appellant has filed application for condonation of delay of 28 days in filing appeal on the ground that the delay was not intentional and therefore, appeal could not be submitted within stipulated time of 60 days. Considering that delay is within condonable period of 30 days as provided under proviso to Section 35(1) of the Act, I condone delay in filing of this appeal.
- 6. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, the impugned order, grounds of appeal and submissions made by the appellant. The issue to be decided in the present appeal is whether the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority disallowing excess cenvat credit availed and utilized on account of wrongly distributed by ISD for the period of 2014-15 is correct, proper and legal or otherwise.
- 6. I find that appellant has availed Cenvat Credit on the basis of invoices raised by their head office, registered under ISD. The appellant was engaged in the manufacturing of excisable goods and in trading of goods during F.Y. 2014-15. In terms of Rule 2(e) of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004, trading activity is exempted
- 7. I find that as per Rule 7 of Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 as amended time to time; manner of distribution of credit by input service distributors are as under:

The input service distributor may distribute the CENVAT credit in respect of the service tax paid on the input service to its manufacturing units or units providing output service, subject to the following condition, namely:-

- (a) the credit distributed against a document referred to in rule 9 does not exceed the amount of service tax paid thereon; or
- (b) credit of service tax attributable to service use in a unit exclusively engaged in manufacture of exempted goods or providing of exempted services shall not be distributed.
- (c) credit of service tax attributable to services used wholly by a unit shall be distributed only to that unit.
- (d) credit of service tax attributable to services used by more than one unit shall be distributed pro rata on the basis of turnover of all the units during the relevant period to the total of turnover of all the units which are operational in the current year, during the relevant period.

From the above, it is ample apparent that credit of service tax attributable to services used by more than one unit shall be distributed pro-rata on the basis of turnover of such units during the relevant period to the total of turnover of all the units which are basis of turnover ratio during the relevant period. The turnover of only those units which are operational is required to be considered.

- 8. I further find that for the purposes of this rule, the total turnover shall be determined under Rule 5 of the Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 as amended time to time. In terms of Rule 5(1)(E) of CER, total turnover means:
 - (a) All excisable goods cleared during the relevant period including exempted goods, dutiable goods and excisable goods exported;
 - (b) Export turnover of services determined in terms of clause (D) of sub-rule (1) above and the value of all other services, during the relevant period; and
 - (c) All inputs removed as such under sub-rule (5) of the rule 3 against an invoice, during the period for which claim is filed.

Explanation 1. - For the purposes of this rule,

- (1) "export goods" means any goods which are to be taken out of India to a place outside India.
- (2) "relevant period" means the period for which the claim is filed.



9. Further, as per Rule 6(3A) Explanation 1(c), in case of trading, shall be the difference between the sale price and the cost of goods sold (determined as per the generally accepted accounting principles without including the expenses incurred towards their purchase) or ten percent of the cost of goods sold, whichever is more.

Hence, the turnover for the purpose of distribution of Cenvat Credit by ISD, should be the total turnover of the manufactured goods and the difference between the cost of traded goods or ten percent of the cost of the traded goods sold, whichever is higher.

- 10. I further find that appellant in their submission admitted that due to clerical mistake ISD had wrongly computed the percentage of turnover of previous years which resulted excess cenvat credit availed and utilized by the appellant; that the mistake was required to be rectified by the appellant by way of reversal of such excess credit availed; that on the name of clerical mistake appellant can not avail and utilize the excess cenvat credit. It is ample apparent that appellant is beneficiary by way of availing excess cenvat credit; hence the contention of appellant is not acceptable.
- 11. Regarding penalty imposed under Rule 15(2) of the Cenvat Credit Rules, 2004 read with section 11AC of the Act, I find that excess availment and utilization of Cenvat Credit by way of wrongly computed the percentage of turnover of previous years by ISD was unearthed during Audit undertaken. Had there been no Audit of the records of the Appellant, the excess availment and utilization of Cenvat Credit would have gone unnoticed. So, there was suppression of facts and extended period of limitation was rightly invoked in the impugned order. Since the Appellant suppressed the facts of non-payment of Service Tax, penalty under Section 78 of the Act is mandatory as has been held by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Rajasthan Spinning & Weaving Mills reported as 2009 (238) E.L.T. 3 (S.C.), wherein it is held that when there are ingredients for invoking extended period of limitation for demand of duty, imposition of penalty under Section 11AC is mandatory. The ratio of the said judgment applies to the facts of the present case. I, therefore, uphold penalty as proposed by the adjudicating authority.
- 12. I also find that the case law referred by the appellant is not pertaining to present case.



- 13. Therefore, considering the facts and circumstances of the case, I uphold the impugned order and reject the appeal.
- 13. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपीलों का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।
- 13. The appeals filed by the appellant stand disposed off in above terms.

सत्यापित १५५५ संजय शेठ विशय (जरीस्स)

(Gopi Nath)
Commissioner (Appeals)

By R.P.A.D.

To, M/s. Gujarat NRE Coke Ltd. (Steel Division), Village Lunava, Tal Bhachau, Kutch

Copy to:

- 1. The Chief Commissioner, GST & Central Excise, Ahmedabad Zone, Ahmedabad.
- 2. The Commissioner, GST & Central Excise, Kutch Commissionerate, Gandhidham.
- 3. The Assistant Commissioner, GST & Central Excise Division-, Anjar-Bhachau.
- 4. Guard File.

