::आयुक्त (अपील्स) का कार्यालय, वस्तु एवं सेवा कर और केल्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क:: O/O THE COMMISSIONER (APPEALS), GST & CENTRAL EXCISE,

द्वितीय लल, जी एस ही अवन / 2st Floor, GST Bhuvan,

रेस कोर्स रिंग रोड, / Race Course Ring Road,

राजकोट / Rajkot - 360 001

Tele Fax No. 0281 - 2477952/2441142 Email: cexappealsrajkot@gmail.com

रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए, डी. द्वारा :-

INATION

TAX

क्त अपील / फाइल मराया / Appeal / File No

As per Annexure-A

मूल आदेश स / 01/13/86 As per Annexure-A

Banu) Um As per Annexure-A

RENTS LINE

ख अपील आदेश संख्या (Order-In-Appeal No.):

KCH-EXCUS-000-APP-058-TO-89-2017-18

आदेश का दिनांक / 01.11.2017 Date of Order: जारी करने की तारीख/ Date of issue:

03.11.2017

कुमार सतोष, आयुक्त (अपील्स), राजकोट द्वारा पारित /

Passed by Shri Kumar Santosh, Commissioner (Appeals), Rajkot

म अपर आणुम्हा संयुक्त आणुका उपायुका संरापक आयुक्त, केन्द्रीक उत्पद्य गुल्का सेवाका, राजकोट / जासनगर / गंगीराम) द्वारा उपरत्तिवित ज्यी भून आदेश से सुजित: /

Arising out of above mentioned OIO issued by Addbonal/Joint/Deputy/Assistant Commissioner, Central Excise / Service Tax, Rejkot / Jamnagar / Gandbillham :

ध अपीलकर्ता & प्रतिवादी का नाम एवं पत्ता /Name & Address of the Appellant & Respondent :-

M/s. Friends Salt Works & Allied Industries, "Maitri Bhavan" Plot No. 18, Sector-08,Ghandhidham (Kutch)-370201

इस आदेष(ardier) से व्यक्ति कोई व्यक्ति जिल्लीलेखित तरीके में उपयुक्त प्राधिकारी / प्राधिकारण के संप्रथ अपील दापल कर जनजा है। Any person aggneved by this Order-in-Appeal may life an appeal to the appropriate mathemy in the following way

(A) भीमा मुल्क केन्द्रीय उत्पद्ध मुल्क एव सेवाकर अपीलीय स्वध्याधिकरण के पति अपील केन्द्रीय उत्पाद मुल्क अधिवित्रस 1944 के पांच 358 के अंतर्गत एवं वित्त अधिनियम, 1994 की पांच 86 के अंतर्गत विस्तातिक्षित जन्म की जा सब्दी है ।/

Appeal to Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal under Section 358 of CEA, 1944 / Under Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994 an appeal lies to-

(i) वर्गीकरण मूल्याकल से सम्बन्धित सभी मामले गीमा मुल्फ, केल्द्रीम उत्पादन मुण्क एवं सेवाकर अपीतीय ल्यायांसिकरण की विशंध गीव, गेरर धर्मक सं 2, अस. के. पुरम, लई दिल्ली, वो की जानी पाहिए ए

The special banch of Custams, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal of West Block No. 2, R.H. Puram, New Delhi in all matters relating to classification and valuation.

(9) उपरोगल परिष्ठदे 1(a) में बाल्य यह अपीयों के अलवा लेप सभी लगीते सीमा गुल्क, केदीय उत्पाद गुल्क हव लेताकर अपीयीय ज्यायार्थकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्रेबिय पोटिकर, , दुवितीय सल, बहुमाली मवल असाती अलमदावाद- उदल्लाद को की जाती साहिए ।/

To the West regional bench of Customs, Excella & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at, 2rd Floor, Bhouman Bhowan, Asarwa Ahmedabad-380016 in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-1(a) above

(4) अणीलीय ल्यावाधिकरण के समाप्त तपील प्रस्तुत काने के लिए केन्द्रीय उत्पद्ध पहल (अपील) नियमावती, 2001, के लियम 6 के अस्तेल लियोडित किए मंदे प्रयत्न EA-3 को पार प्रतियों से दुने किया जाना प्रदिए । इसने से कम से कम एक प्रति के लाग, जहां उत्पाद मुल्क की सौब ज़ाता की सांस और कलाया मया जुम्होंना, स्पर 5 लाख या उसने कम. 5 लाख एनए या 50 लाख एपए तक अपका 50 लाख रूपर में अपिक है ता कमछ 1,000/ चयमें, 5,000/- वर्ष्य अपना 10,000/- वर्ष्य का जियोडित जमा शल्क की प्रति सल्पन को। नियंतित शाख रूपर में अपिक है ता कमछ 1,000/ चयमें, 5,000/- वर्ष्य अपना 10,000/- वर्ष्य का जियोडित जमा शल्क की प्रति सलप्त को। नियंतित शाख का मुम्दाल, तलपित अपीलेय लगयाधिकरण की शाखा के सहायक उत्तिस्टार के लाख में किसी भी क्षेत्रिजल क्षेत्र के बैंब दलाय जाते रेखावेत के इतर दलाय किया जाना साहिए । संवर्धित झुम्बर का मुख्तान, केक की उस साखा में होम धारिए जहां मंत्रीफेन ज्यायाधिकरण की साक्ष जिसन है । स्थापन आदेश (स्टे डॉलेन) के सिए आवेदन-पत्र के साथ 500/- रूपर का नियंतित जुल्व जाना होना हो.

The appeal to the Appellate Totunal shall be filed in guadruplicate in form EA-3 / as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise (Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs 1,000/- Rs.5000/-, Rs.10.000/- where amount of duty demandhiterest/penalty/refund is uplo 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank diati in favour of Asst. Registrar of branch of any monimated public sector bank of the place where the bench of my nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of my nominated public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated. Application made for grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 500/-.

(B) अधीलीय व्यापाधिकरण के सलम अधील, वितन अधिनियम, 1994 की घाए 55(1) के अलमेल संवाफर नियमपाले, 1994, के लियल 9(1) के लहत निर्धाति प्रथव S.T.5 में बार प्रतियों में की जा सकेनी एवं उसके साथ दिस आदेश के निवद अधील की नगी हो, उलकी पनि लगा में सलम्ज को (प्रत्नमें में एक पनि प्रत्नाणित होनी कांदिए) और इनमें ने कम से कम एक पनि के लाग, तहां संजयन की मॉन प्रधान की मॉन और मनामा नया जुमोना, रुपए 5 लाख या उससे कल, 5 नाख रुपए था 50 लाख रुपए तक मयदा 50 लाख रुपए से अधिक है तो कमा 1,000/ कार्य, 5,000/ क्येंचे अथवा 10,000/- व्यय का निर्धाति जमा शुल्क की पनि सलम्ज कर। निर्धातित मुल्क का मुद्यान, संवतित अधील मांग प्रायानिक की राखा में महायक एजिस्टार के लाग से किसी मी सार्वजिन क्षेत्र के बैंक दक्षण जाने दियांकित बैंक ड्रास्ट द्वारा किन्स जाना पाहिए 1 संवधित ड्राय्ट का मुख्यतन, बेंक की उस काम से किसी मी सार्वजिन क्षेत्र के बैंक दक्षण जाने रियायित केंद्र ड्रांस जिन्स आत्र प्रदेश मांगाय प्रियत की सांग का मुख्यतन, बेंक की उस काम से किसी मी सार्वजिन क्षेत्र के बैंक दक्षण जाने रियायित केंद्र ड्राय्ट किन्स जाना पाहिए 1 संवधित ड्राय्ट का मुख्यतन बेंक की उस काम से होना वाहिए जहां संवधित अधीनीय व्यापाधिकरण की काम्रा रियाल है 1 स्थलन आदेश (उर्ट अंग्रेन) के लिए आवेदन वह के लाख 500/- स्थल का निर्वारित कुल्क जमा करना होगा //

The appeal under sub section (1) of Section 85 of the Finance Act. 1994, to the Appellate Tribural Shall be lived in quadruplicate in Form S.T.5 as prescribed under Rule 9(1) of the Service Tax Rules, 1994, and Shall be accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against fone of which shall be certified copy) and should be accompanied by a fees of Rs. 1000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & ponalty level of Rs. 5 Lakis or lines Rs.500/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & ponalty-texted of Rs. 5 Lakis or lines Rs.500/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & ponalty-texted is more than five takits but not exceeding Rs. Fifty Lakits, Rs.10.000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & ponalty level is more than five takits but not exceeding Rs. Fifty Lakits, Rs.10.000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded & ponalty level is more than five takits but not exceeding Rs. Fifty Lakits, Rs.10.000/- where the amount of service tax & interest demanded, & ponalty level is more than five takits but not exceeding Rs. Fifty Lakits, Rs.10.000/- where the amount of service tax & interest tak Registrat, Registrate of the bench of nominated Public Sector Bank of the place where the bench of Tribunal is situated. / Application made five grant of stay shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.500/-2....

वित्त अधिनिधन, 1994 की धारा 86 की उप-धाराओं (2) एवं (2A) के अंतर्गत दर्ज की कर्पा अपील, सेवाकर जियमवादी, 1994, के जिसम 9(2) एवं 9(2A) के लहन निपतित जपत 5.T.-7 में की जा सोनी एवं उसके साथ भयुका, केन्द्रीय उत्पद शुल्क अधवा आयुक्त (अधील), केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क इसरा पारित आदेश की पतिथी संतयन करें (उनने से एक पनि उमाणिज होनी जाहिए) और आयुक्त द्वारा सहायक आयुक्त अथवा उपायुकन, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरुवा तेलकर, की अपीलीस स्नामाधिकाण को आतेदन दने करने का लिदेश देने वाती आदेश की प्रति भी लाभ में सलगल करनी होगी

The appeal under sub section (2) and (2A) of the section BB the Finance Act 1954, shall be filed in For ST 7 as prescribed under Rule 9 (2) & 9(2A) of the Service Tax Rules, 1984 and shall be accompanied by a copy of order of Commissioner Central Excese or Commissioner, Central Excisir (Appenis) (one of which shaft be a certified copy) and copy of the order passed by the Communicous authorizing the Assistant Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Central Excise/ Service Tax to life the appeal before the Appellate Tribunal.

- भीधन कुल्क, नेजरीम तत्माट मुल्क एव सेताबर अमीजीम गायिकरण (मेन्टेट) के प्रति अमीजों के मामजे में केंग्रीज ऊत्माद मुल्क अपितिमम 1944 की बता 350ल के अनमेत, जो की जिल्लीम अधिक्रियम, 1994 की बता हुउ के अंतर्मल सेनाकर को की जागू की गई है, इस आदेश के प्रति अधीजीम (11) कपिकरण में अधीय करते एमन उत्पद सुरक्तपंथा भर मान के 10 प्रतिशत (10%), जब माम एवं जुमौना विवादित है, या जुमौना, जब केवल जुमौना विवादित है, का मुमलज किया जाए, बहते कि इस १८१३ वें अलगेत जम कि जने वाजी जयेहिंस देम सहि दस क्योंव रुपए से अधिक ज हो।
 - वेजरीय तत्पाट सुरुष एवं संगामन में अतमेव 'आंग किए तए सुरुष' में लिमन आगिल हे
 - पाण 11 जी के अंतमेल रक्षय
 - (h)गेलतेट जमा की भी मई मातत राजि 646
 - संस्वेट जमा जिपमालरी के मिपम 6 के अंतर्गत देव श्वास
 - बादी यह कि इस साल में प्रावधान निर्णाण (स. 2) ऑग्रिया 2014 में आगम से यूवे किसी अपीसीय पाणिकारी के समक्ष विभागपील स्थमन आजी एव अपील को लागू नहीं होते।/

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, while Section 35F of the Central Excise Act, 1944 which is also made applicable to Service Tax under Section 83 of the Finance Act, 1994, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute, provided the amount of pre-deposit payable would be subject to a ceiling of FIs. 10 Crores,

- Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty Demanded" shall include 10 amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (4) amount of enoneous Cenver Credit taken;
- 040
- amount payable under Rule 6 of the Central Credit Rules.

provided further that she provisions of this Section shall not apply to the stay application and appeals pending before any appellate authority prior to the commencement of the Fasance (fig 2) Act, 2014.

- मारत जरबबर को पातीक्षण आवंदन : (C)

Revision application to Government of India: इस अटेश की पुनरीक्षण गांधिका किरनतिथित आमनो में, केंद्रीय उत्पाद शतक अधिनियम, 1994 की पास उठाँ हैं के प्रथम परंतुक के अंतर्मत अगर मुस्तित, मारत सरकरा, पुनरीक्षण अनेदन ईव्याई, जित्त अवानव, राजस्य विद्वाल, सौथी अजिन, जीवन दीप भटन, संसद सामे, नई दिल्ली-110001, को धिवना आमा आहिए। र

A revision application lies to the Under Secretory, to the Government of India. Revision Application Unit, Misistry of Finance, Department of Revenue. 4th Flaor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Strait, New Delhi-110001, under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first provise to sub-section (1), of Section-35B ibid:

- ult and a theil growing is much \hat{x} , and growing their and all their recent \hat{x} have \hat{y}_{0} is uncosent \hat{x} alter \hat{x} and \hat{x} , and \hat{y}_{0} and $\hat{y$ 111 warehouse
- भारत के जास किशी राष्ट्र मा क्षेत्र को लियोन कर रहे आज के विजियोग में प्रयुक्त करने आज पर भरी यहे केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क के तुर (प्रिबेट) के सामले से, जो भारत के बाहर किसी शष्ट्र मा क्षेत्र की लियोन की शाहे है। ! (0) In case of robate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or tentiory outside india of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or tentiory outside india.
- मंदि उत्पाद शुरुव का मुलतात किए फिस भाषा के बाहर, तेपात का मुहान को बाता तियदेव किया भया है। / 600
 - In case of goods exposing outside india export to Nepal or Bhoton, without payment of duty
- मुनिभिधत अत्याह के अत्याहन मुल्ल के भूगतान के तिए जो इयुरी केडीट इस अधिनियम गये इसके विफिल्म पायधानों के तहत मान्य की गई है और ऐस अंग्रेंग जो अगुक्त (अपील) के द्वाता तिरंत अधिनियन: (न. 2), 1998 की धारा 109 के द्वाता नियत की गई तारीज अधवा तन्यपालिपि पर था कह जो (iv) पासित जिल नए है। Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 105 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998
- उपांत्रित आवेदेन की दी पतियां प्रयत्न संघ्रमा EA-5 में, जो की वेज्हींय उत्पादन मुल्क (अपीज) निकलावथी, 2001, के लियम 9 के अंतर्शन विनिर्दिष्ट है, इस आदेश के संपंषण के 3 साह के अनर्शन की जानी पाहिए । उपांक्त जवदेज के साथ मुझ आदेश व अपीज आदेश की दो प्रतिया सलस्त की जानी पाहिए। साथ ही वेज्हींय उत्पाद भुल्क अधिनियत, 1944 की पात 35-EE के लहन निर्धातित भुल्क की अदायर्थ के साहय के जीर पर TR-6 की प्रति DV1 status de unit serieur / The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appnats) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIC and Order in-Appnal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Chailan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.
- पुनरीग्राण आमंदन के साथ जिल्लाविधित किंधोरित शुल्क की अटावनी की जानी पाहिए । उन्हें संतरने रक्त एक लाख रूपये वा उपने कज ही लो रूपये 2007 का मुनरात किया. जाए और बोटे अंतरन रक्ता एक लाख कपने में जगादा ही लो रूपने 1000 जे का मुंगलात किया जाए । (vi) The invition application shall be accumpanied by a fee of Rs 2005 where the amount involved in Rupees One Lac or less and Rs 1000- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.
- वहिं इस आदेश में नई मूल आदेशों का समावेश हैं तो प्रतीक मूल आदेश के लिए शुल्क का मुमतान, उपयोक्त देस से किया आजा पाहिने। इस तक्ष्म के होते हुए सी की जिसा पही कार्ग में किया आजा पाहिने। इस तक्ष्म के होते हुए सी की जिसा पही कार्ग में कार्ज में लिए दाराहिपति अपैतिय स्थापिकरण को एक अपीत मा केहींच साखा को एक आपैत्रे। इस तक्ष्म के In case, if the order covers various numbers of order in Original, fee for each 0.1.0, should be paid in the aforesaid manner, not withstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, in filled to avoid scriptona work if excising Rs. 1 lakti fee of Rs. 100/- for each. (D)
- बनावाणीपित त्यागलना मुल्क अधितियल, 1975, के अनुसूतीन के अनुसार सूत आदेश एवं स्थलन आदेश की प्रति पर जियोरित 6.50 क्यर्थ का त्यावालय मुल्क दिकिट लोग होक प्राहित 7 One copy of application of O.LO. as the case muy be, and the order of the adjudicating authority shall bear a court fee stamp of Ea, 6.50 as prescribed under Scheilule-I in terms of the Court Fee Act,1975, as amended. (E)
- तीया शुभ्भ, बल्द्रीय उत्पाद पुल्क था गंगावन अपोलीय व्यापाधिकरण (बार्य दियां) जिव्यावाली, 1982 से वणित एव अल्व सकपिया मामले को वर्तिवर्तित करने वाते जियतों की और की व्यान आवर्थित जिला जाता है। / Attention is also invited to the rules covering these and other related matters contained in the Customs, Excise and Service Appellate Tobunal (Procedure) Pales, 1982 (F)
- त्रभा अगोलीय प्रतिकारी को अपील क्षतिल करने में लु**भेरी अवस्थि, दि**रंतून और स्वीनत्रम प्रलप्तनों के लिए, अपीलामी विभागीय वेबसाइट (G) www.chec.gov.in.et.Etr.ned.# i / For the elaborate, datalled and latent provisions offering to thing of appeal to the higher appellate authority, the appellant may rater to the Departmental website www.chec.gov.m



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Annexure-A

अपील / फाइल संख्या /	मूल आदेश सं /	दिसांक /
Appeal / File No.	0.1.0. No:	Date
V2/84/GDM /2017	5T/76/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/85/GDM /2017	ST/86/2017-18	21,04.2017
V2/86/GDM /2017	ST/85/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/87/GDM /2017	ST/84/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/88/GDM /2017	ST/80/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/89/GDM /2017	5T/79/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/90/GDM /2017	ST/78/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/91/GDM/2017	ST/77/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/92/GDM/2017	ST/89/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/93/GDM/2017	ST/75/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/94/GDM/2017	ST/10/2017-18	06.04.2017
V2/95/GDM/2017	ST/09/2017-18	06.04.2017
V2/96/GDM/2017	ST/87/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/97/GDM/2017	ST/88/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/98/GDM/2017	ST/633/2016-17	27.02.2017
V2/99/GDM/2017	ST/632/2016-17	27.02.2017
V2/100/GDM/2017	ST/113/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/101/GDM/2017	ST/114/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/102/GDM/2017	ST/112/2017-18	21.04.2017
V2/120/GDM/2017	ST/355/2017-18	30.06.2017
V2/121/GDM/2017	ST/259/2017-18	15.06.2017
V2/122/GDM/2017	ST/258/2017-18	15.06.2017
V2/124/GDM/2017	ST/257/2017-18	15.06.2017
V2/125/GDM/2017	ST/243/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/126/GDM/2017	ST/242/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/127/GDM/2017	ST/240/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/128/GDM/2017	ST/253/2017-18	14.06.2017
V2/129/GDM/2017	ST/239/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/130/GDM/2017	ST/237/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/131/GDM/2017	ST/231/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/132/GDM/2017	ST/238/2017-18	13.06.2017
V2/137/GDM/2017	ST/241/2017-18	13.06.2017



Appeal No: V2/84 to 102, 120 to 122, 124 to 132, 137/GDM/2017

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:: ORDER IN APPEAL ::

The appeals listed herein below have been filed by M/s. Friends Salt Works & Allied Industries, "Maitri Bhavan", Plot No. 18, Sector-08, Gandhidham-Kutch (Gujarat) (hereinafter referred to as "the appellant") against Orders-In-Original No. shown against each appeal no. (hereinafter referred to as "the impugned orders") passed by the Assistant Commissioner, Service Tax Division, Gandhidham-Kutch (hereinafter referred to as "the lower adjudicating authority").

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Sr. No.	Appeal File No.	Order-In-Original No. & Date	Period of Refund claim	Amount of refund claim rejected (in Rs.)
01.	V2/84/GDM /2017	5T/76/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	August, 2016	75264
02	V2/85/GDM /2017	ST/86/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	July, 2016	14493
03	V2/86/GDM /2017	5T/85/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	October, 2016	35214
04	V2/87/GDM /2017	ST/84/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	December, 2016	32685
05	V2/88/GDM /2017	ST/80/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	July, 2016	43954
06	V2/89/GDM /2017	ST/79/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	November, 2016	27194
07	V2/90/GDM /2017	ST/78/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	June, 2016	34874
08	V2/91/GDM/2017	ST/77/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	August, 2016	71568
09	V2/92/GDM/2017	ST/89/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	February, 2017	34260
10	V2/93/GDM/2017	ST/75/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	May, 2016	35320
11	V2/94/GDM/2017	ST/10/2017-18 dated 06.04.2017	June, 2016	29630
12	V2/95/GDM/2017	ST/09/2017-18 dated 06.04.2017	June, 2016	22554
13	V2/96/GDM/2017	ST/87/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	January, 2017	34898
14	V2/97/GDM/2017	ST/88/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	December, 2016	34592
15	V2/98/GDM/2017	ST/633/2016-17 dated 27.02.2017	April, 2016	19559
16	V2/99/GDM/2017	ST/632/2016-17 dated 27.02.2017	May, 2016	133380
17	V2/100/GDM/2017	ST/113/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	December, 2016	36900
18	VZ/101/GDM/2017	ST/114/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	December, 2016	74264
19	V2/102/GDM/2017	ST/112/2017-18 dated 21.04.2017	November, 2016	37383
20	V2/120/GDM/2017	ST/355/2017-18 dated 30.06.2017	July, 2016	25018
21	V2/121/GDM/2017	ST/259/2017-18 dated 15.06.2017	January, 2017	36704
22	V2/122/GDM/2017	ST/258/2017-18 dated 15.06.2017	April, 2017	58952
23	V2/124/GDM/2017	ST/257/2017-18 dated 15.06.2017	April, 2017	37774
24	V2/125/GDM/2017	ST/243/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	August, 2016	44484



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Appeal No: V2/84 to 102, 120 to 122, 124 to 132, 137/GDM/2017

25	V2/126/GDM/2017	ST/242/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	March, 2017	45600
26	V2/127/GDM/2017	ST/240/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	February, 2017	58594
27	V2/128/GDM/2017	ST/253/2017-18 dated 14.06.2017	August, 2016	37716
28	V2/129/GDM/2017	ST/239/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	November, 2016	59986
29	V2/130/GDM/2017	ST/237/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	September, 2016	75600
30	V2/131/GDM/2017	ST/231/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	March, 2017	32342
31	V2/132/GDM/2017	ST/238/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	September, 2016	49598
32	V2/137/GDM/2017	ST/241/2017-18 dated 13.06.2017	December, 2016	45004
			TOTAL	14,35,358

 Since the issue involved is common in nature and connected with each other, the same are taken up together for disposal.

3. The facts of the case are that the appellant filed refund claims under Notification No.41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 of service tax paid on various taxable services to service providers in relation to export of goods for the period specified in the refund claims. The lower adjudicating authority vide impugned orders rejected the refund claim of Swachchh Bharat Cess (hereinafter referred to as "SBC") and Krishi Kalyan Cess (hereinafter referred to as the "KKC") for the amount as shown in the above Table.

3.1 The lower adjudicating authority vide Order-In-Original No. ST/632/2016-17 dated 27.02.2017, not only rejected refund claim of SBC of Rs. 32,723/- & KKC of Rs. 450/- but also deducted Rs. 1,00,207/- already refunded SBC to the appellant vide earlier orders, without issuance of SCN for recovery of such erroneous refunds under Section 73(1) of the Act.

 Being aggrieved with the impugned orders, the appellant preferred the appeals, inter-alia, on the following grounds:

- (i) The lower adjudicating authority erred in law and on facts in rejecting the refund of KKC and SBC to them without assigning any cogent reason.
- (ii) The lower adjudicating authority further erred in rejecting the refund without affording any opportunity to present their case and thus violating the principles of natural justice.

5. Personal hearing in the matter was attended to by Shri Manish H. Vora, CA who reiterated the grounds of appeals also submitted that they have not been given any Show Cause Notice or personal hearing notice and refund has been



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rejected without any valid ground; that the appeals may be remanded due to not following principles of natural justice.

5.1. During the course of personal hearing, Shri Vora also submitted written submission stating as under:

5.1.1 The refund claims of SBC & KKC have been rejected without affording any opportunity/notice to the appellant to explain their case as to why such refund should not be denied to them. It is basic Principle of law that before deciding any issue against the appellant they must have been given opportunity to represent their case. The lower adjudicating authority has rejected the claim of the appellant by simply stating that "SBC & KKC is deductable from the claim" without assigning any reason as to why such claim is deductable thus violating the Principles of Natural Justice.

5.1.2 They filed refund claim of Service Tax paid on the input services which they have utilized in export of goods as stipulated in Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012. The said Notification allows rebate of Service Tax paid on the taxable service received by the exporter of goods and utilized by them for export of goods. The enabling provisions for levy of SBC on services were introduced/incorporated under Section 119 of the Finance Act, 2015 under Chapter-V of the said Act. The relevant portion of the said provision through which the same was introduced are reproduced herein below:-

119. (1) This Chapter shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

(2) There shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, a cess to be called the Swachh Bharat Cess, as service tax (emphasis supplied) on all or any of the taxable services at the rate of two per cent on the value of such services for the purposes of financing and promoting Swachh Bharat initiatives or for any other purpose relating thereto.

(3) The Swachh Bharat Cess leviable under sub-section (2) shall be in addition to any cess or service tax leviable on such taxable services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994, or under any other law for the time being in force.

(4) The proceeds of the Swachh Bharat Cess levied under sub-section (2) shall first be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India and the Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, utilize such sums of money of the Swachh Bharat Cess for such



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purposes specified in sub-section (2), as it may consider necessary. (5) <u>The provisions of Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 and the rules made</u> <u>there under, including those relating to refunds and exemptions from tax,</u> <u>interest and imposition of penalty shall, as far as may be, apply in relation</u> <u>to the levy and collection of the Swachh Bharat Cess on taxable services, as</u> <u>they apply in relation to the levy and collection of tax on such taxable</u> <u>services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 or</u> the rules made there under, as the case may be."

They also relied upon the Frequently Asked Question (FAQ) on SBC issued by Central Board of Excise & Custom. Relevant portion of the said FAQ are reproduced herein below:-

Q.1 What is Swachh Bharat Cess (SBC)?

Ans. <u>It is a Cess which shall be levied and collected in accordance with the</u> provisions of Chapter VI of the Finance Act, 2015, called Swachh Bharat Cess, as service tax on all the taxable services at the rate of 0.5% of the value of taxable service.

Q. 8 Whether separate accounting code will be there for Swachh Bharat Cess?

Ans. Yes, for payment of Swachh Bharat Cess, a separate accounting code would be notified shortly in consultation with the Principal Chief Controller of Accounts. These are as follows:-

Swachh Bharat Cess (Minor Head)	Tax Collection	Other Receipts	Penalties	Deduct Refunds
0044-00-506	00441493	00441494	00441496	00441495

Q.10 Whether SBC is a 'Cess' on tax' and we need to calculate SBC @ 0.50% on the amount of service tax like we were earlier doing for calculating Education Cess and SHE Cess?

Ans. No, <u>SBC is not a cess on Service Tax.</u> SBC shall be levied @ 0.5% on the value of taxable services.

On perusal of the provisions enumerated in Chapter-V of the Finance Act, 2015 and FAQ issued by Central Board of Excise & Custom, SBC is not a Cess but a tax like Service Tax and all the provisions relating to levy and collection of Service Tax as enumerated in Chapter-V of the Finance Act, 1994 and Rules made there under



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including those relating to exemption and refund from tax will be applicable to SBC also. Further in FAQ, an accounting code has been prescribed wherein refund of SBC should be accounted for. If there is no intention of allowing refund of SBC to the public at large, question of notifying accounting code for refund of SBC would not have been arisen.

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5.1.3 They relied upon various notifications issued by Central Board of Excise & Custom on 02.02.2016 whereby SBC component allowed as rebate/refund to the exporter. Summary explaining the changes brought in by said notifications are reproduced herein below:-

Swachh Bharat Cess Component allowed as Rebate/Refund + services used beyond factory for export also refundable

Sr no.	Service Tax Notification No.	Effect
1.	01/2016-ST dt. 02-02-2016	Notification No. 41/2012-ST, dated the 29th June, 2012 amended so as to allow refund of service tax on services used beyond the factory or any other place or premises of production or manufacture of the said goods for the export of the said goods and to increase the refund amount commensurate to the increased service tax rate.
z.	02/2016-ST dt. 02-02-2016	Notification No. 12/2013-ST, dated the 1st July, 2013 amended so as to allow refund of Swachh Bharat Cess paid on specified services used in an SEZ.
3.	03/2016-ST dt. 02-02-2016	Notification No. 39/2012-ST, dated the 20th June, 2012 amended so as to provide for rebate of Swachh Bharat Cess paid on all services, used in providing services exported in terms of rule 6A of the Service Tax Rules.

On going through the above, it is found that vide Notification No. 1/2016, CBEC <u>has</u> <u>increased the scheduled rate of tax refundable to the exporter due to increase in</u> <u>tax because of introduction of SBC</u> whereas vide Notification No. 2 & 3 with respect to Notification No. 12/2013-ST dated 01.07.2013 and Notification No. 39/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012, refund of SBC is allowed to the exporter. In view of such clarification brought in by the notification, the question of denying refund of SBC to the appellant does not arise. They further place on record that, in their own case, the department itself has allowed the refund of SBC and therefore adopting the contrary stand in the case under consideration is not justifiable.

5.1.4 They further submitted that the enabling provision for levy of KKC on



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services were introduced/incorporated under Section 161 of the Finance Act, 2016 vide Chapter-VI of the said Act. The relevant portion of the said provision through which the same was introduced are reproduced herein below:-

"CHAPTER VI 'Krishi Kalyan Cess'

"161 (1) This Chapter shall come into force on the 1st day of June, 2016.

(2) There shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, a cess to be called the Krishi Kalyan Cess, as service tax (emphasis supplied) on all or any of the taxable services at the rate of 0.5 per cent. on the value of such services for the purposes of financing and promoting initiatives to improve agriculture or for any other purpose relating thereto.

(3)The Krishi Kalyan Cess leviable under sub-section (2) shall be in addition to any cess or service tax leviable on such taxable services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994, or under any other law for the time being in force.

(4)The proceeds of the Krishi Kalyan Cess levied under sub-section (2) shall first be credited to the Consolidated Fund of India and the Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, utilise such sums of money of the Krishi Kalyan Cess for such purposes specified in sub-section (2), as it may consider necessary.

(5)The provisions of Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 and the rules made there under, including those relating to refunds and exemptions from tax, interest and imposition of penalty shall, as far as may be, apply in relation to the levy and collection of the Krishi Kalyan Cess on taxable services, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of tax on such taxable services under the said Chapter or the rules made there under, as the case may be."

5.1.5 They relied upon the Frequently Asked Question (FAQ) on KKC issued by Central Board of Excise & Custom. Relevant portion of the said FAQ are reproduced herein below:-

Q1: What is KKC?

Ans : It is a Cess called as Krishi Kalyan Cess, which shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of Chapter VI of the Finance Act, 2016, as Service tax on all the taxable services at the rate of 0.5% on the value of such taxable services.



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Q10: Whether KKC is a 'Cess on tax' and we need to calculate KKC @ 0.5% on the amount of Service tax like we were earlier doing for calculating Education Cess and SHE Cess?

Ans : No, KKC is not a Cess on Service tax. KKC shall be levied @ 0.5% on the value of taxable services.

Q12: What is the accounting code for KKC?

Ans : The Central Government vide Circular No. 194/4/2016-ST dated May 26, 2016 has notified separate accounting codes for payment of KKC in the following manner:-

Krishi Kalyan Cess (Minor Head)	Tax Collection	Other Receipts	Penalties	Deduct Refunds
0044-00-507	00441509	00441510	00441512	00441511

On perusal of the provisions enumerated in Chapter-VI of the Finance Act, 2016 and FAQ issued by Central Board of Excise & Custom, it is found that KKC is not a Cess but a tax like Service Tax and all the provisions relating to levy and collection of Service Tax as enumerated in Chapter-V of the Finance Act, 1994 and Rules made there under including those relating to exemption and refund from tax will be applicable to KKC also. Further in FAQ, an accounting code has been prescribed wherein refund of KKC should be accounted for. If there is no intention of allowing refund of KKC to the public at large, question of notifying accounting code for refund of KKC would not have been arisen. Under CENVAT Credit Rules, 2004, credit of KKC is allowable against the payment of KKC by the Service provider.

5.1.6 They relied upon various notifications issued by Central Board of Excise & Custom on 26.05.2016 whereby KKC component allowed as rebate/refund to the exporter. Summary explaining the changes brought in by said notifications are reproduced herein below:-

5.No.	Notification No.	Effect
01	30/2016-Service Tax dt. 26-05-2016	Seeks to amend notification No. 12/2013- ST, dated the 1st July, 2013 so as to inter alia allow refund of Krishi Kalyan Cess paid on specified services used in an SEZ.
02	29/2016-Service Tax dt. 26-05-2016	Seeks to amend notification No. 39/2012- ST, dated the 20th June, 2012 so as to provide for rebate of Krishi Kalyan Cess paid on all services, used in providing services exported in terms of rule 6A of the Service Tax Rules.

Krishi Kalyan Cess Component allowed as Rebate/Refund



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On going through the text summary of notification reproduced herein above, it is found that vide Notification No. 29 & 30/2016 with respect to Notification No. 12/2013-ST dated 01.07.2013 and Notification No. 39/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012, refund of KKC is allowed to the exporter. In view of such clarification brought in by the notification, the question of denying refund of KKC to the appellant does not arise.

5.1.7 They relied on decision rendered by Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka in the case of M/s. TVS Motors Ltd. Vs Union of India in Writ Petition No. 51753/2013 and 38767-69/2014 wherein the Hon'ble Court has held that rebate of automobile cess paid on motor vehicles exported out of India is refundable even though the same is not mentioned in the Notification No. 19/2004-CE(NT). They rely on decision of the same high court in the case of Commissioner of Central Excise Vs. Shree Renuka Sugars Ltd. in C.E.A. No. 14/2008 wherein the Hon'ble court has held that the cess which is levied on production of sugar is nothing but a duty of excise and as per Rule-3 of the Cenvat Credit Rules-2014, credit of such duty as excise are available to the appellant. The same analogy would apply to the case of SBC & KKC and appellant is eligible and entitled for refund of SBC & KKC as service tax paid on service received which were utilized for export of goods.

5.1.8 They also submitted that in some of the OIO, while sanctioning the refund of Service Tax, the Adjudicating officer has deducted/recovered the amount of SBC granted in earlier OIO to the appellant without issuing any Notice asking the appellant to show cause as to why such adjustment should not be made and thus violated the principle of natural justice on this count also.

FINDINGS:

6. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, the impugned orders, appeal memorandums and written as well as oral submissions of the appellant. The issue to be decided in the present case is as to whether the appellant is entitled for refund of KKC and SBC paid on the services used for export of goods under Notification No. 41/2012-ST dated 29.06.2012 or not.

7. The appellant has vehemently contended that their refund claims of SBC & KKC have been rejected without giving any notice as to why such amount is being deducted; that no opportunity was given to the appellant to explain their case and the 'Principles of Natural Justice' have not been followed by the lower adjudicating authority. I find ample force in this argument of the appellant. I find that the refund claims were decided by the lower adjudicating authority without



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issuance of Show Cause Notice and without granting opportunities of personal hearing to them. It is settled position of law that the refund claims should not be rejected without issuance of Show Cause Notice demonstrating reasons for denial of refund claim or without affording sufficient opportunities to explain their case.

8. Notification No. 41/2012-ST allows refund of service tax paid on services utilized in export of goods and sub-section (2) of Section 119 of the Finance Act, 2015 and sub-section (2) of Section 161 of the Finance Act, 2016 stipulate SBC and KKC as service tax respectively. Sub-section (5) of Section 119 of the Finance Act, 2015 and Section 161 of the Finance Act, 2016 also stipulate that all provisions related to refund under Finance Act, 1994 shall be applicable to SBC & KKC. It is not coming out from the impugned orders whether above provisions were taken into consideration by the lower adjudicating authority or not since no Show Cause Notice or personal hearing notices have been issued to the appellant. Therefore, these impugned orders are non speaking orders as far as rejecting refund claims of SBC & KKC is concerned and hence are not sustainable at all.

9. I find that appellant has also contended that in some of the impugned orders, while sanctioning refund of Service Tax the lower adjudicating authority has deducted amount of SBC & KKC already refunded vide earlier Orders-in-Original without issuing any Show Cause Notice or even P.H. Notice, which is total violation of the principles of natural justice. I find that the lower adjudicating authority vide Order-In-Original No. ST/632/2016-17 dated 27.02.2017, not only rejected refund claim of SBC of Rs. 32,723/- & KKC of Rs. 450/- pertaining to the relevant period, but also deducted Rs. 1,00,207/- which had already been sanctioned and disbursed to the appellant under previous orders, as detailed below, some refund of Service Tax granted in order dated 27.02.2017 without issuance of SCN for recovery of erroneous refunds under Section 73(1) of the Act.

Sr. No.	Order-In-Original No.	Date	Swachh Bharat Cess Recovered
1	ST/123/2016-17	29.04.2016	26030
2	ST/124/2016-17	29.04.2016	47350
3	ST/138/2016-17	29.04.2016	10625
4	ST/175/2016-17	21.05.2016	12552
5	ST/211/2016-17	25.05.2016	3650
		Total	100207

9.1 I am of considered view that adjustment of SBC/KKC amount already refunded vide previous orders from subsequent refund claims of Service Tax without issuance of Show Cause Notice or without affording fair and reasonable opportunities of personal hearing to explain their case is not legal and proper at all



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and is against the principles of natural justice.

10. In view of above facts, the impugned orders need to be set aside and the matter needs to be remanded back to the lower adjudicating authority to pass speaking and reasoned orders offering fair and reasonable opportunities to the appellant.

11. I find that the Commissioner (Appeals) has power to remand appeals as decided by the Hon'ble CESTAT in the case of CCE, Meerut Vs. Singh Alloys (P) Ltd. reported as 2012(284) ELT 97 (Tri-Del). I also rely upon decision of the Hon'ble CESTAT in the case of CCE, Meerut-II Vs. Honda Seil Power Products Ltd. reported in 2013 (287) ELT 353 (Tri-Del) wherein it has been held that Commissioner (Appeals) has inherent power to remand a case under the provisions of Section 35A of the Act. The Hon'ble Gujarat High Court in Tax Appeal No. 276 of 2014 in respect of Associated Hotels Ltd. has also held that even after the amendment w.e.f. 11.05.2011 in Section 35A (3) of the Central Excise Act, 1944, the Commissioner (Appeals) would retain the power to remand.

12. In view of above, I set aside the impugned orders and allow the appeals by way of remand with direction to the jurisdictional Divisional Assistant Commissioner/Deputy Commissioner to pass speaking and reasoned orders offering fair and reasonable opportunities to the appellant within three months of the receipt of this order.

१२.१ अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील्स का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

12.1 All above appeals filed by the appellant stand disposed off in above terms.

11123/11/2017 (कुमार संतोष) 11.11202 आयुक्त (अपील्स) आर. एस. बोरीचा जधीं सक (जपाल्स)

By Regd. Post AD

To, M/s. Friends Salt Works & Allied Industries, "Maitri Bhavan", Plot No. 18,	में. फ़ेंड्स सोल्ट वर्क्स एंड अलाइड इंडस्ट्रीज़,
Sector-08, Gandhidham-Kutch	"मैत्री भवन", प्लॉट सं. १८, सैक्टर-०८, गांधीधाम (कच्छ)

Copy to:

The Chief Commissioner, GST & Central Excise, Ahmedabad Zone, Ahmedabad.
The Commissioner, GST & Central Excise, Kutch Commissionerate, Gandhidham.
The Assistant Commissioner, GST & Central Excise Division, Gandhidham.
The Superintendent, GST & Central Excise, Range, Gandhidham.
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